The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 30 | Entered at the Post Office at Janesville Wis., as second-class matter. | JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1886. | Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at $6 a Year. | NUMBER 18

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY MARCH 29.

It is very safe to say that it will always pay best to think twice before striking once.

Morrison's tariff bill is dead, and Morrison himself is in almost as bad a condition as his bill.

One of the things that never boom in this country after it is twenty-four hours old is a monument fund.

General McClellan's Memoirs will be ready for delivery early next fall. The book will be an octavo volume of about 600 pages.

Senator Voorhees denounces the civil service law as contrary to popular government. On this point Mr. Voorhees is in full accord with the democratic party in congress.

The cut of lumber on the streams tributary to the Chequamegon in the northern part of the state will foot up about 73,000,000 feet, somewhat less than was expected.

It was supposed that Jeff Davis did his worst when he supported the lost cause, and failing tried to escape in female attire. But he didn't. He proposes to become a lecturer.

A postmaster general who can remove 750 postmasters a month and give their places to democrats, is not failing to serve his party well, even though he bespatters with paint and mud the sign, "Public office is a public trust."

A law has been enacted by the Kentucky legislature against gambling and gamblers. When Governor Proctor Knott signs the bill it will become a bigger joke than his famous Duluth speech, delivered while he was in congress. One who knows something of Kentucky's ways says that when the bill is signed one-half the state will go into mourning while the other half takes a drink. The remainder will approve the law.

One day last week Senator Hoar introduced a national inquest bill which provides that where three citizens and residents of any circuit shall, under oath, present a petition to the circuit judge that any person has been killed, injured or threatened with injury to himself or property, because of the race, color or political opinions of any person, it shall be the duty of such judge to hold an inquest and report the evidence, with his conclusions, to the president of the United States, to be laid by him before congress. Any district attorney within the circuit may be required by the judge to attend the inquest and aid in conducting the case, and the expenses for the inquest are to be paid out of the appropriation for United States courts.

There is little prospect of Dakota being admitted into the Union at this session of congress. A Washington special say the democrats of the territory to a very considerable number have written to the members of the committee on territories objecting to a division on the forty-sixth parallel, and asking that the line of the Missouri river be followed instead. It is the disposition of the house territorial committee to adopt this latter suggestion and they will either lay before the house a bill to this effect or report adversely upon the senate bill admitting only the southern half. As it is highly probable the house will be guided by the committee's action no matter which of these two courses it may adopt, the natural result will be to throw the entire subject back into the senate, where the most vigorous measures will be necessary to bring it to the front again. Dakota is paying the penalty for being a thrifty republican territory.

The New York Tribune shows up Pensioner Commissioner Black in his true light by saying: Commissioner Black, who made so much noise when he took office about the use of the pension bureau by his predecessor for political purposes, and who was promptly given an opportunity by the republican senate committee to prove what he had so friskly charged, appears to have got himself into a mess. Like all supersmart but underdone persons in whose bodily construction the windpipe has attained an abnormal development, he has not the facts to back his allegations. The plight into which Black and Sparks by their flippancy and desire for notoriety as "reformers" have got themselves should teach other democratic officials the lesson of making sure that the bear is there before they shoot at him. Mr. Whitney is a distinguished example of the bad consequences of precipitation.

Congressman O'Neil, of St. Louis, has introduced a bill in the house which is entitled a bill to create bonds of arbitration for the speedy settlement of controversies and differences between common carriers engaged in in inter-state and territorial commerce or business and their employes. The preamble recites that by section 8 of article 1, of the constitution of the United States, congress is invested with full power and authority to provide for the general welfare of the people of the United States; regulate commerce among the several states; to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court of the United States, and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the forgoing powers. It provides for the formation within the law of a tribunal consisting of one on each side of the controversy, the two to select a third. If they do not select as provided within three days the United States court of the jurisdiction in which the trouble exists shall do so. This tribunal shall have the standing of a United States commission with all its powers, and shall be paid in like manner

RETURNING TO WORK.

There is a strong probability that the strikes in the southwest are ended; and if one will take the pains to read the correspondence that passed between Jay Gould and T. V. Powderly on Saturday, he will see that the Knights of Labor made a serious blunder in striking in the manner they did. This corespondence shows that some time last August there was an agreement between the managers of the Missouri Pacific and the chief officers of the Knights of Labor, that there should be no more strikes on that system without the previous notification of the company and an opportunity given to settle difficulties by arbitration, or at least to give the Missouri Pacific time to consider the demands of the Knights of Labor, and in this way to attempt to adjust any aleged grievances.

This agreement was totally ignored by the Knights of Labor, much to the regret of Mr. Powderly, who had the courage and manhood to say publicly that his order brought on the strike without just cause. He was anxious to hold the Knights to the agreement made with the Missouri Pacific last summer, but it is claimed that he could not control his men. Hot-headed and thoughtless men, like Mr. Irons, of Missouri, became promiuently connected with the order, and blunder at almost every step they took. This places the Knights of Labor in an unpleasant predicament, and creates a prejudice against them. Public sympathy began to turn in favor of the railway company, and this led Mr. Powderly to settle the difficulty as early as possible by ordering the men to resume work until a conference could be held with the company.

The Knights of Labor have met with a humiliating defeat in their southwest strikes. But this is not to be wondered at. They struck without cause or without orders. If the agreement between the executive board of the Knights of Labor and the Missouri Pacific had been faithfully kept, there would have been no difficulty in settling the alleged grievances. It looks now as if there would be no further trouble on the Missouri Pacific. There certainly will not be if the Knights of Labor shall follow the advice of their grand master workman.

ADDRESSED TO THE PEOPLE.

Chaplain Milburn's Prayers Not Appeals to the Omnipotent.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 29.—The theory that prayer is addressed to the Almighty is so general that the statement of a Boston paper that Edward Everett, on a certain occasion, "delivered the most eloquent prayer ever addressed to a Boston audience," has for two generations been deemed a famous jest. The celebrated prayers which Chaplain Milburn, of the house of representatives, delivered last week has led people to suspect that Mr. Milburn's theory of prayer was that of Edward Everett, according to the press notices he got. This suspicion is confirmed by Mr. Milburn, who, in an interview, explains that in praying he addresses congressmen and through them the nation at large. His prayer Saturday was an appeal that the rich of this country may be roused to the danger of grinding monopoly ere the poor shall put an end to the present state of things with dynamite. Grosvenor wanted unanimous consent to print in the Record, but James of New York objected, saying that the prayer was an incendiary speech.

BRUISED RAILWAY TRAVELERS.

A Passenger Coach with Seventy-Five People Aboard Overturned.

KANSAS CITY, March 29.—When rounding the curve at Walruff's Grove at 6:50 Saturday morning the Fort Scott train coming into the city ran off the track, overturning the Rosedal coach containing about seventy-five people. None of the occupants were seriously hurt, but most all received bruises. There happened to be no ladies aboard.

Following is a list of the injured passengers: Judge Harris, injured in the face; John Maogan, back hurt and face badly bruised; Michael Jones, scalp wound; W. O. Shepard, injured in back, severely; W. S. Doine, in right hand and back, severely; Dr. Shay, face cut; Billy Matthias, right shoulder hurt; Mr. Kirkham and two sons, Bennie and Charlie, were badly hurt, James Kingsley, with two sons, Frank and Fred, severely bruised. Henry Vildig, injured in left arm; George French, scalp wound; Dwight Barts, bruised and injured internally.

NORTHERN PACIFIC SHOPS BURNED.

A Conflagration That Will Cost the Railway $200,000.

BRAINERD, Minn., March 29.—At an early hour Sunday morning the shops of the Northern Pacific railway at this place were discovered on fire, the flames taking their start in the planing-mill. Several of the hydrants were frozen and water was hard to get, which combined with the fact that all the buildings were of wood made the destruction complete and only the ashes are left of what were the planing-mill, machine shop, pattern shop, and upholstering shop together with the general foreman's office. About forty freight-cars were destroyed and all the expensive machinery brought to the value of scrap iron. The total loss is placed at from $150,000 to $200,000, supposed to be covered by insurance. About 125 men are temporarily thrown out of employment. The buildings will be at once rebuilt of better materials, so it is confidently asserted.

National Union League.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 29.—The National Union league held its annual meeting in this city Saturday, with a full representation from all over the country. C. H. Grosvenor, of Ohio, was elected president, and the resolutions pledged the league to the securing of "a fair vote and an honest count of the ballots in all parts of the nation, and especially at the south, where the ballot has been largely suppressed." The preamble charges the suppression of the southern Republican vote by a system of political murders, among which it classes the recent Carrolton, Miss., massacre. A committee of fifteen was appointed to carry out the object of the resolution.

An End to Bone Scraping

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill, says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25 cents per box by F. Sherer & Co.

Elecampane Cough Syrup at Eldredge's 50 cents per bottle.

"HERE WE GO AGAIN!"

SAY THE WHEELS TO THE RAILS ON THE GOULD LINES.

Powderly and the Little Railway King Talk an Hour or Two,

And the Lightning Carries the Order That Loosens the Iron Horse Once More—Correspondence on Saturday That Promised Mighty Little—The Sunday Communications.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Mr. Gould had two interviews with Mr. Powderly Sunday, recognizing him as the head of the Knights of Labor, and assented to the proposal of the master workman that the questions at issue between the railroad companies and their employes in the southwest should be settled by arbitration. Mr. Gould expressed himself as favorable to arbitration, not only in this case, but as a general principle for the settlement of future differences between the railroads and their employes. The Knights, on their part, concede that those employes who have been engaged in acts of violence shall not be restored to the pay-rolls of the company, and that the men who worked in the place of the strike during the trouble shall continue in the company's service. After his interview with Mr. Gould Mr. Powderly telegraphed an order to the Knights engaged in the strike to resume work at once. This order, if obeyed, will restore from 12,000 to 14,000 men.

The following correspondence was the result of the interviews between Gould and Powderly.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD, March 28, 1886.—T. V. POWDERLY, G. M. W.—DEAR SIR: Replying to your letter of the 27th inst., I write to say that to-morrow morning send the following telegraphic instructions to Mr. Hoxie, general manager of the Missouri Pacific railroad at St. Louis.

In resuming the movement of trains on the Missouri Pacific, and in the employing of laborers in the several departments of this company, give preference to our late employes, whether they are Knights of Labor or not, except that you will not employ any person who has injured the company's property during the strike.

Nor will we discharge any person who has taken service with the company during said strike. We see no objection to arbitrating any differences between the employes and the company, past or future. Hoping the above will be satisfactory, I remain yours very truly,

JAY GOULD, President.

The executive board of the Knights of Labor has sent out the following telegram:

MARTIN IRONS, CHAIRMAN EXECUTIVE BOARD, DISTRICT ASSEMBLY No. 101, ST. LOUIS: President Jay Gould has consented to our proposition for arbitration and so telegraphs Vice President Hoxie. Order men to resume work at once. By order executive board. T. V. POWDERLY.

The executive board sent also out the following telegram:

TO KNIGHTS OF LABOR NOW ON STRIKE IN SOUTHWEST: President Jay Gould has consented to our proposition for arbitration, and so telegraphs Vice President Hoxie. Pursuant to telegraphic instructions sent to the chairman of executive board district assembly, No. 101, you are directed to resume work at once. Per order executive board. T. V. POWDERLY, G. M. W.

THE NEWS AT ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, March 29.—F. H. Cooper, a member of the executive committee of assembly No. 101, Knights of Labor, the assembly of which Martin Irons is chairman, and which ordered the strike on the Missouri Pacific road, says that he favors an immediate termination of the strike on the New York terms. The same opinion is expressed by Chairman Nolan and Vice Chairman Williams, of No. 3,650. They were all interviewed Sunday night, and all expressed themselves as satisfied with the terms. In fact, everybody did who was seen, men in the ranks as well as the leaders, except Judge Advocate McGarry, of No. 3,650, who said that the men would not return to work until the terms of the arbitration were fully settled, and without any concessions from the strikers. Mr. Irons went to Sedalia Sunday, and did not hear of the settlement.

Saturday's Correspondence.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The general executive board of the Knights of Labor met here on Saturday. The members of the board are: T. V. Powderly, of Scranton, Pa.; Frederick Turner, of Philadelphia; J. W. Hayes, of New Brunswick; W. H. Bailey, of Shawnee, Ohio, and T. B. Barry, of East Saginaw, Mich.

The principal business of their meeting was to try and obtain a conference with Jay Gould relative to the Southwestern railway troubles, and to this end a communication was sent to Mr. Gould asking him to name a committee of three to meet a similar committee named by the Knights executive board, the six committeemen to name a seventh. If this committee were appointed the board would at once issue an order for the men to return to work.

After conferring with the directors of the Missouri Pacific, Mr. Gould sent a letter to the Knights declining the proposition and reciting former correspondence between Mr. Powderly and the Missouri Pacific officials relating to this strike, the last telegram being from A. L. Hopkins, secretary for the road, which telegram was not answered by Mr. Powderly. Mr. Gould says in effect that when the men return to work as they are invited to do by the notices posted several days ago, Mr. Powderly is assured that Mr. Hoxie (who, the letter says, has entire control over the matter for the company), will meet the Knights in a proper, just and liberal spirit.

Mr. Powderly, not giving up hopes of a conference, wrote another letter to Mr. Gould in which he says that he has not the record of all the events which have occurred since the beginning of the strike with him. He urges the necessity of stopping the strike and pleads with Mr. Gould to agree to the appointment of the committee suggested, adding that the Knights of Labor will submit to receive censure at the hands of the committee, if it is required of them. The needs of the hour required the strike to stop first.

This letter was give to Mr. Gould personally and he said he would lay it before the directors Monday.

Mr. Powderly, in an interview, spoke of the circular he had issued, and said he had received endorsements of it from 900 assemblies, though he does not know how it got into print. Referring to Mr. Gould, he said:

"One of our chief purposes on coming to New York just at this time is to undo, if possible, a grievious wrong which was done to Mr. Gould last fall upon the settlement of similar troubles on the Wabash road. Then the attacks upon him by the press and many so-called or would-be mouthpieces of the Knights were simply outrageous. No man could stand such libels without being justly indignant and indisposed to treat peaceably with the men who are supposed to have attacked him."

An unconfirmed report was in circulation Sunday night that a conference between Jay Gould and T. V. Powderly Sunday resulted in an order for immediate resumption of work and traffic on the southwest lines pending arbitration to which Mr. Gould consented.

The Situation in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 29.—There is nothing in the strike situation here except stagnation. Saturday a couple of trains were got out of this city, and one slipped out of East St. Louis while the strikers were not watching it, by putting on a full head of steam and going. Sunday there was perfect quiet; neither strikers nor railway company trying to do anything.

In fact, there is not much more to be done in the way of running freight trains as there is no freight to go, nothing has crossed the bridge for over three weeks and nothing has been loaded at the depots, consequently nothing of amount will be done until the roads will receive freight. The indications of any change are not discernible. The strikers seem to be hopeful and determined, whilst the railways are not showing indications of an early weakening. The result of this rigidity of backbone is, that the business of the city is suffering frightfully, and the consequenses of another week or two of suspension will be felt for years.

Reports are received that three companies of United States troops are enroute to this city, but the officials say nothing as to what the troops are coming for.

Soldiers to Back the Riot Act.

TEXARKANA, Ark., March 29.—In response to a call for aid from the citizens of Miller county, Governor Hughes has ordered the Gate City guards, of this city, to report to the sheriff for duty in the railroad yards. Saturday Judge Byrns read the Arkansas riot act in the presence of a large number of citizens and civil officers. It is thought the next effort to move trains will be effectual.

LATER. A train was started Sunday morning at 11 o'clock from the Iron Mountain yards. A detail of Gate City Guards going with it. No resistance was offered by the strikers here but at Meanderville, ten miles north, thirty or forty men appeared who, upon seeing the militia, took to their heels. They were pursued and fourteen of them captured and brought back to the city.

Indorsed Everything in Sight.

GALVESTON, Tex., March 29.—The Knights of Labor held an outdoor mass meeting here Saturday night, which was attended by fully 2,000 Knights and citizens. Speeches were made and resolutions were adopted heartily indorsing the circular issued by Grand Master Workman Powderly and pledging him support in his purposes. The strike of the Gould employes was also endorsed.

FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS

To Be Appropriated for Rivers and Harbors—Western Items.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 29.—The river and harbor appropriations bill, as completed by the house committee, makes a total appropriation of $15,164,100, which will become available immediately upon the passage of the bill. As there was no appropriation made for river and harbor improvements last session, the present appropriation virtually covers a period of nearly two years. Among the principal items of the bill are the following:

Illinois—Harbors: Chicago, $100,000; Calumet, $10,000; Waukegan, $20,000. Rivers: Calumet, $25,000; Illinois, $100,000.

Indiana—Michigan City harbor, $45,000; Wabash river, $80,000.

Michigan—Harbors; Black Lake, $5,000 Charlevoix, $10,000; Cheboygan, $15,000; Frankfort, $7,0000: Grand Haven, $10,000; Grand Marais, $55,000; Ludington, $75,000; Manistee, $10,000; Marquette, $10,000; Ontonagon, $18,000; Muskegon, $12,500; Pentwater, $10,000; Portage lake, $15,000; Sandy Beach, $100,000; St. Joseph, $10,000; Saugatuck, $8,000; South Haven, $5,000; White River harbor, $10,000. Rivers: Clinton, $6,000; Detroit, $50,000; Hay lake channel, $100,000; Saginaw, $45,000.

Wisconsin—Harbors, Ahnapee, $15,000; Green Bay, $7,000; Kenosha, $5,000; Kewaunee, $10,000; Manitowoc, $15,000; Milwaukee bay and harbor, $80,000; Oconto, $8,000; Port Washington, $5,000; Racine, $15,000; Superior bay, $30,000; Sheboygan, $15,000; Sturgeon bay, $2,000. Rivers: Chippewa, $25,000. Fox, $75,000; St. Croix, $7,500.

Minnesota—Harbors: Duluth, $50,000; Grand Marais, $10,000; Red river, $40,674 (reappropriated.)

Iowa Legislature.

DES MOINES, March 29.—The woman suffrage amendment to the constitution claimed the attention of the senate Saturday, and was ordered engrossed. The insurance commissioner bill was killed by all after the enacting clause being stricken out by a nearly unanimous vote. The house passed the bill graduating salaries of county superintendents according to population, and then passed a bill requiring packages of morphine in any form to be wrapped in scarlet paper, and also to be properly labeled. The pharmacy bill was advanced to engrossment, and then a resolution was laid over which sympathized with the railway strikers and indorsed Powderly's effort to compromise with Jay Gould.

Making Them Toe the Mark.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 29.—Comptroller Durham appears to be as strict in passing accounts as were his predecessors. According to recent decisions of this officer, the Utah commissioners will hereafter be compelled to pay for their washing: army mules will have to be shod by contract; coffins purchased after advertisement, and looking-glasses for the marine corps purchased by subscription or otherwise, as they can not be charged up against the government.

The Ship That Sank the Oregon.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The probability that the schooner Charles H. Morse was the vessel that sank the Oregon grows greater daily. Several vessels have made the trip she was on and started back to their home ports and still no news is received of her. A boat picked off Sandy Hook has been identified as one of the Morse's boats. The Morse had nine persons on board.

The President Dines on Duck.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 29.—President Cleveland, who left the city very quietly on Friday evening and partook of a duck dinner with Albany friends, at the club-house of the Magnolia, Md., Ducking club, returned at a late hour Saturday night as quietly as he departed.

Death of Archbishop Trench.

LONDON, March 29.—The most Rev. Richard Chenevix Trench, D. D., formerly archbishop of Dublin, in the church of England, is dead. He was 79 years old He resigned his office Nov. 28, 1884.

The State Through in the Molloy-Lee Case.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., March 29.—Saturday witnessed the close of the state's testimony in the Molloy-Lee-Graham case, when Travers, attorney for the defendants, immediately moved that the defendants be discharged, as the state had failed to sustain charge. Pending argument the court adjourned. It is not known if the defense will introduce witnesses or stick to Travers' motion. Newbill, the editor of The Empress, testified to a certain message he carried from Mrs. Molloy to Graham and Graham to Mrs. Molloy. Letters from the Molloy farm to Indiana relatives five in number, were introduced and read after a spirited discussion. Nothing new was developed.

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CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 29.—2:30 P. M.

DESCRIPTION.	OPEN'D.	HIGH'ST	LOW'ST	CLOSED
Wheat,—	$	$		$
March	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78¾
May	81⅛	81¼	80⅞	80⅞
June	83⅛	83¼	82⅝	82⅝
Corn,—				
March	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛
May	38⅝	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜
June	38⅝	38⅝	38⅜	$ 38⅜
Oats,—	$		$	
March	27⅛	27⅛	27	27
May	31	31⅛	30⅞	30⅞
June	31⅛	31⅛	31	31
Pork,—	$	$		$
March	9 55	9 55	9 30	9 30
May	9 60	9 60	9 37	9 37
Jun	9 70	9 70	9 45	9 45

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Horse Shoeing. JAMES GARDNER!

Has opened an establishment on East Milwaukee St., close by Galbraith Bros.' barn, where he will give close attention to horse shoeing, and solicits the patronage of horse owners. Special attention given to cases of interfering, over-reaching, corns, &c., &c. dawtf

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW SPRING STYLES! OF Wall Paper, Centers, Borders and Ceiling Decorations Generally.

Also a very large assortment of Curtains, Shade Cloths and Hollands of all colors and a large assortment of Brass, Ebony, Ash and Walnut Curtain Poles, Window Cornices, Curtain Loops, Bands, Fringe Pins, Hooks and Tassels, Curtain Fixtures of all kinds. Line and Ball Cords, Room Mouldings and Picture Hooks, Velvet Easel Frames, Engravings and Pictures generally. (Wall Paper trimmed without extra charge.)

PICTURE FRAMES MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE!

From the finest and most unique mouldings. The headquarters for house decorations and house furnishings goods generally, is at the old reliable bookstore of JAS. SUTHERLAND & SONS, East Side River, Janesville, Wis.

March 29, 1886.

IMPORTED BAY RUM.

IMPORTED BAY RUM, Finest Quality at 50 Cents a Pint.

FOR SALE BY PRENTICE & EVENSON! Opposite Postoffice, Janesville.

IMPORTED BAY RUM.

I SAY, FRIEND!

Can you tell me where I can find the following sound old companies?

Connecticut of Hartford.
Fireman's Fund of California,
German American of New York
Germania, of New York.
Guardian, of London England.
Hartford, of Hartford
Merchants, of Newark N. J.
Niagara, of New York.
Orient, of Hartford.
Phoenix, of Brooklyn, N. Y.
Queen of Liverpool, England.
St. Paul F. & M. of St. P., Minn.
Union, of California.
Underwriters Agency, of N. Y
North British and Mercantile, of London, England.

I know each of them has more than

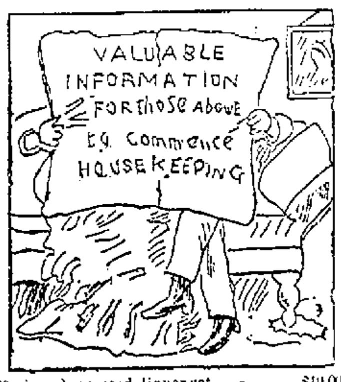
ONE MILLION OF SOLID ASSETS.

And are known for fair dealing. Yes, Sir, all of them are in the office of

MARK RIPLEY,

Opposite Rock County National Bank.

MISCELLANEOUS



108 piece decorated dinner set	$10 00
Decorated chamber set	2 75
Rich gold hanging lamp	2 50
Colored glass water set	1 50
1 dozen decorated china fruit plates	1 50
5 bottle dinner castor	1 00
Elegant open edge fruit dish	75
Opal and tortoise	75
Colored glass tumblers	60
1 set knives and forks	50
Colored glass pitcher—2 quarts	50
1 dozen individual butters	25
1 dozen egg stands, china	25
1 dozen individual salts	25
1 dozen sauce dishes	25
Colored glass bread plate	25
3 Cakes Turkish boquet soap and wash cloth very fine	25
Wood chop bowls, chop knives, wood knife-boxes, scrub brushes, flour sifter with crank, feather duster, 3 qt. milk pans and lots of other things, each	10

Wheelock's Crockery Store

33 MAIN STREET.

We will have the best line of BABY CARRIAGES ever brought to the city from four different factories; from $2.75 to $35.00. Two lots have come.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with special regard to health. No Ammonia, Lime or Alum.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

13 Baker's Dozen.

Card Photographs

FOR $2.00.

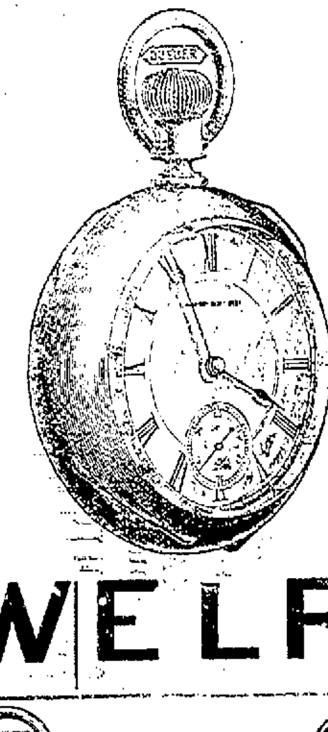
AT

C. F. TURNER'S.

FRED H. FELLOWS

Elgin, Waltham, Hampdem, Rockford, Springfield, and Howard Watches.

Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, Gold Canes and Ornaments.



JEWELRY!

East Side Jeweler.

NAILS.

IRON, STEEL, WIRE.

Gasoline Stoves.

New Lyman, Dangler, Golden Star

Barbed Wire.

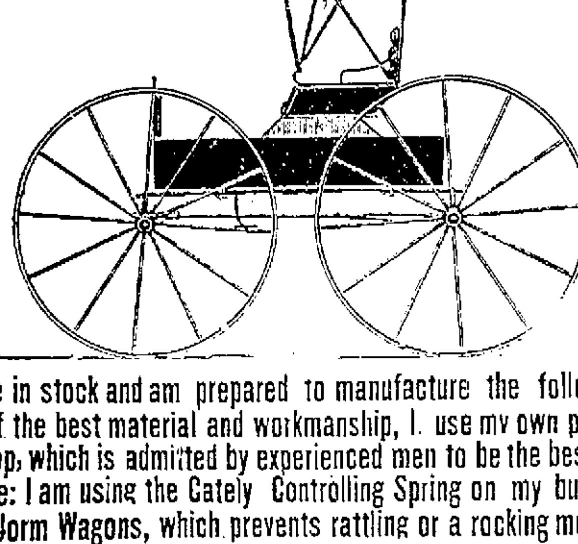
GARLAND COOK STOVES & RANGES.

TIN WORK OF ALL KINDS!

METCALF & GOWDEY.

31 West Milwaukee St.

JANESVILLE CARRIAGE WORKS.



I have in stock and am prepared to manufacture the following goods of the best material and workmanship, I use my own patent in the top, which is admitted by experienced men to be the best top yet made: I am using the Gately Controlling Spring on my buggies and Platform Wagons, which prevents rattling or a rocking motion, and also breaking of Springs. I invite Farmers, Business men, men of pleasure to call and see my work and judge for themselves. will not be undersold on the same class of work.

HERMAN BUCHHOLZ.

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, MARCH 29.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY OF JANESVILLE, WIS. TERMS, DAILY, $6.00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE QUARTERLY. WEEKLY $1.50 PER YEAR. CASH IN ADVANCE.

NICHOLAS SMITH, B. F. BLISS, PRESIDENT AND EDITOR. TREAS. AND MANAGER.

WM. BLADON, JOHN G. SPENCER, SECRETARY. CITY EDITOR

A GLIMPSE OF HADES.

FRENCH COMMUNISTS AND RUSSIAN NIHILISTS TAKE THE LEAD,

And Belgian Workmen Follow to Madness and Murder, While Havoc Attends Them—A Story That Recalls the Scenes of the French Revolution.

LONDON, March 29.—The Cable News' correspondent at Brussels sends a long dispatch, giving the result of his personal investigation of the rioting at Charleroi. This is the first account of the troubles by an English-speaking journalist that has reached London. The most interesting portions of the dispatch are as follows:

I took the train Saturday morning for Charleroi and have spent most of the time since in the saddle, visiting every scene of disturbance I could reach, questioning strikers, anarchists and officials, and studying the situation generally. The strikers have certainly been given ample cause for discontent, distrust and despair. Owing to the prolonged depression of the iron and steel trade the union of mine owners has several times ordered the output, both of coal and iron, to be reduced. This was effected in the most oppressive way. Instead of reducing the hours of labor, certain mines were closed altogether and thus every few weeks hundreds of miners were laid off. These men had already been working for starvation wages and they had not a continuo of savings. They generally tramped to neighboring mines seeking work and finding none, getting farther and farther afield, and finally becoming vagabonds, beggars and thieves. Recently trade prospects have somewhat improved; larger outputs were ordered and the men, thinking the bosses were now making money, demanded, not exactly an increase of wages, but a return to the scale from which they had been reduced last fall. The demand was refused and the miners almost to a man struck work.

Up to this point the miners had kept within the law. Now they have put themselves hopelessly in the wrong and even outside the pale of human sympathy, by following the counsels of as villainous a gang of cut-throats as ever escaped the gallows. These are emissaries of secret societies of Anarchists and Nihilists in various capitals of Europe. The fact that the rioters were led by such men was first discovered almost by accident. My investigations have confirmed and proved the fact I found a question of doubt. Almost the first whom I encountered while visiting the Charleroi jail Saturday, was a veteran Communist and petroleum fiend, whom I had known well some years ago in Paris. He recognized me, and made no bones of admitting that he had been sent here by his "circle" of Communists in Paris to incite the striking miners to pillage and arson, to kill every employer and official they could reach, and to destroy every piece of property that they could burn or wreck. He had had bad luck, however, he said. Friday night he had shot a gen d'arme dead during a meleo; had been captured with half a dozen of "those canaille," as he called the Belgian strikers, and now expected to be hanged.

Another of the ruffians was in the hospital with a shattered shoulder. He had shot a woman who was defending her honor. He boasted that he was a prominent member of a "section" of Nihilists in Moscow, and gloried in the idea that these portents would strike terror to the hearts of the czar, and the Emperors William and Francis Joseph as they had been worried that such things would take place. As long as he had added one more shadow to the mind of the czar he would die content.

Upon visiting Gen. Vandersmissen that official said there were not troops enough if the trouble spread. Martial law in its strictest sense is the law in Charleroi. Five men are a mob that must disperse at the first command or be shot down. Resistance to arrest means death. Passes are needed to stir abroad. Houses from which troops are habitually attacked are blown up with gunpowder. Still rioting and and pillaging go on continuously for want of soldiers to guard all the points.

At midnight Saturday night the sky was illumined by two conflagrations. One was the burning of a blast furnace and rolling-mill, ten miles east of Charleroi, the other was a fire in a colliery about six miles to the northwest. I rode to the latter place and saw a scene rivalling the grotesque horrors of Dante's Inferno. The hoisting house, offices, sheds and elevated tramway had by this time burned and their blackened timbers stood out like gigantic skeletons in the fierce fire light. Thousands of tons of screened coal were smoldering in a fire which gave out long tongues of blue, sulphurous flames which furnished an appropriate light and smell for the diabolical revels. The fiends of this miniature hell had fired the great shaft by sinking the cage filled with barrels of blazing pitch, to the bottom. A roaring column of flame arose straight from the mouth of the pit, fifty feet into the air.

Occasionally some unusually large mass of burning timber would fall to the bottom. A volcanic eruption of sparks would be shot up from the mine apparently to the zenith, and be followed by fiercer flames. Around this monument of fire 300 drunken men and half naked, besotted women had formed a ring by joining hands and were executing a devils dance until many dropped to the ground from exhaustion and the effect of the blazing fire upon their brandy-maddened brains. One poor devil, a hunchback, fell within the circle instead of outside and was literally roasted to death. Outside the circle other drunken women held babies up high over their heads to see the pretty fire. And this was a mine which was in full operation on Saturday and to which every one of these drunken, dancing demons looked for their daily bread. Equally thrilling incidents of the rioting in the streets and suburbs could be given without number.

The damage to the property in the disturbed district is now estimated by moderate men at 25,000,000 francs. Every jewelry store and gun shop in Charleroi and nearly every liquor warehouse and drinking-saloon has been looted, and more or less completely wrecked. Churches have been robbed of all articles of precious metal. More than 100 collieries, foundaries and residences have been burned. The latter were the property of the bourgeoise generally, the rioters not discriminating in this respect against employers. Hundreds of citizens have been robbed in the streets in daylight. One young lady who wore a diamond ring that was tight upon the finger, had her finger amputated by the ruffians with a chisel and mallet. Scores of virtuous women have been outraged. In two cases mothers who fought to preserve their honor had the brains of their babies dashed out before their eyes.

Finally, although little affected by the vaporings of the Anarchists, which I have heard before in many European capitals and generally seen disproved, I am convinced that we are but on the threshold of the disorders which may spread to every place where coal and iron is mined in Europe. I especially urge the British authorities to watch events in Yorkshire, Lancashire and Wales.

Another dispatch from Brussels says the troops took possession of Charleroi Saturday in the afternoon and immediately set to work at clearing the streets, which then fairly swarmed with organized bands of villagers, and incendiaries engaged in robbing stores and firing buildings. The troops had little trouble in driving the miscellaneous bands from their work of destruction, but as they fell back before the advancing soldiery their ranks were augmented by others until, believing themselves strong enough to oppose the further progress of the troops, they made a determined stand, refusing to disperse, although repeatedly called upon to do so. The soldiery then opened deadly fire upon the mob, and terrible carnage ensued. The rioters were mowed down under repeated volleys, and finally fell in confusion. After they had disappeared the corpses of twenty of their number, together with hundreds of others wounded and dying lay along the streets.

The rioters at Jumet placed 200 women in front as they marched through the town, but even this cowardly precaution against personal danger did not prevent the troops from firing upon them. Many of the women were wounded and the men dispersed.

Later news from Charleroi state that the disorder is subsiding. The strikers, reduced to hunger, now go about the streets begging for food, and when not under the eyes of the soldiers emphasize their demands with menaces. Though there may be some further disorder there will be no more organized rioting, all organization among the strikers having disappeared. Work will be resumed in the glass works Monday, and the men will be armed with revolvers to insure immunity from molestation by those unable to regain their lost employment.

THE PRODIGAL SON.

HIS TRAVELS AND TRAMPLES AND FINAL HOME-COMING

Described and Commented on by the Georgia Revivalist to an Audience of 6,000 Men—The Evangelist Gives Up the Weed and Thanks Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 29.—Rev. Sam Jones saw an audience of 6,000 before him Sunday when he stepped to the desk and commenced his last sermon to men only. Mr. Jones preached substantially as follows:

This parable in itself stamps the divinity of its author. I like Dickens and Shakespeare, but I dislike Thackeray, because he shows us all the meanness in human nature, and then walks off, leaving us to look at his work. Jesus Christ is different from all the best authors in that he takes us by the hand, shows us all the bad things in the world, and then turns round and leads us into heaven, there to sit down beside him and the angels. If, when the prodigal returned, his father had refused to accept him and hired him as a servant at $10 a month and given him a cabin on the plantation he'd have stolen something before Saturday night. [Laughter.] Preachers who have preached on this parable have said that the prodigal was a wicked, profligate boy. I say that the parable shows anything but a bad boy. I have wondered why the preachers have stamped him as wicked. He was worthy of the confidence of his father and the love of his father. Now let us modernize this parable—bring it down to the nineteenth century, where we can get at it.

Having decided to quit his father's homestead, we see him gathering his property together—his sheep, his camels, and his money. On Saturday night, we'll say, he found himself ready for the journey. Early on Monday morning the caravan moves up to the old homestead. The horses are neighing and the sheep are bleating. The boy runs up to the home of his youth. The mother throws her arms around the neck of her boy and weeps and prays for his safe journey. The father imprints a kiss on his boy's lips, gives him fatherly admonition, and bids him godspeed. Then the great caravan moves on. At sundown the young man calls a halt, and in the silent hours of the night, with the heavens sprinkled with stars, he lies down to sleep. We hear him say: "This is the first night I have ever been away from my home." Oh, how I have wished the young man had hitched up and gone back home next morning. What a vast amount of suffering would have been averted had he done so. But no. Early in the morning the camp is astir and the caravan moves on. Night and day the same scenes are repeated until Saturday comes. Then he pitches his tent in a lovely spot and camps for the night. He hadn't got to violating the Sabbath yet. When Sunday comes we hear him say: "This is the first Sunday's sun that has ever found me away from home." Oh, how I wish he had said: "Yes, and it will be the last one, for by next Saturday night I shall be under my father's roof." Oh, if that boy had come to that conclusion! But, instead of that, he rises early on Monday morning and on he drives until about the middle of the week he passes through a fertile section of the country. But he couldn't settle here because it was too near the old homestead. I'll tell you what that boy had in his mind. He says: "I'll drive on until I reach a beautiful country. There I'll build a palatial residence, and when my plantation has reached a high state of cultivation I'll drive down in a chariot and bring father and mother down to see what their boy has accomplished. He never had anything else in his mind. The next Sunday finds him in a fertile country, but he imagines that were there a postoffice there he would surely get a letter from his folks. [Laughter.] Even this spot is too near the old folks. And on he moves, and he moves in style. It is the talk of the neighborhood. I imagine that people, as they gathered at church, talked about it—of the grand pageant moving down the street. And on he moves in style and magnificence. If he gets scarce of money he can sell a camel or a slave. And on he drives until he reaches a far-off country. There he stops and invests in 100,000 acres of fertile land. He's an honor to the country and a blessing to the land—in a horn. [Loud laughter and applause.] And then he wasted his substance in riotous living. Hear that: Oh, we know how fast it goes. He wasted his substance in riotous living, and when he had spent all there arose a mighty famine in the land and he became in want. Did you ever notice that when you were out of money nobody else seemed to have any? [Laughter.] Everybody is broke. Let the governor of Illinois come here and say that he wants a carriage and there will be 1,000 vehicles in the street waiting for him. Here's a poor old man who wants a wagon to go to mill to get a half bushel of corn. There ain't a wagon in town about that time. [Laughter.] Did you ever notice that?

The parable reads: "And he joined himself to a citizen of the country and he sent him into the field to feed swine." He was a Jew, recollect. [Loud laughter.] If you can put a Jew at a more disreputable business than feeding swine I'd like to know what it is. [Laughter and applause.] The more hog a man eats the more he becomes like a hog. [Laughter.] I'm not running against Armour's business, that's the way I feel. [Laughter.] And he joined himself to a citizen. The devil is the citizen in this country that the people are joining themselves to. Oh, sir, the unclean lives of men here tell me that you are joined to this citizen who puts up to all sorts of disreputable business. Where were you last night? What were you doing before breakfast this holy day? Oh, to what depths this citizen sinks us. But to read on: "And he sent him into the field to feed swine and he fain would have filled his belly with husks." What you feed other men the devil will make you eat yourself. Nine out of ten barkeepers die drunkards. The vile stuff they pour down your throats kills them in time. There isn't a gambler here to-night who doesn't expect to have his winnings won from him. When you see a gambler with much money ahead you may know that he is a thief in the worst sense of the word—[applause]—for honest gamblers can't lay up money. Take the sin of slander. Did you ever notice a man who slanders people. If you have, you have noticed that the devil will put other men up to slandering him. A man has a spiritual heritage and your father has turned over to you all that has ever made you happy, and there is a man here and a man there who has not only wasted it in riotous living, but forgot the most precious things of your life. You drink wine at the clubs and play with silk cards, and on you go till you spend all, and then there is a mighty famine, and then you go round and join yourself to the citizen of this country—the devil. Now, what have you left of your spiritual heritage? Isn't there a spiritual famine?

But to read on: "And when he came to himself." What was the matter with that boy all the time? I'll tell you. He was beside himself. He was mad; and I'll tell you that every sinner in Chicago is mad: he's mad. If we can get you to yourselves this afternoon we'll get you to Christ. When the prodigal son came to himself he said: "Here I am starving to death: I'll arise and go to my father's house. I'll go, bread or no bread." He had not a dollar or shoes or a hat, and he was 1,000 miles away. He was a dirty, disreputable wretch thinking to go back to his pure father's house. But off he started. We see him leaving the hog-pen first. He hulled out o' there, and hulled he did. [Laughter.] On he moves, hatless and coatless and his feet bleeding at every step. And we see him climbing the fence and sneaking around the orchard of a house which he had passed in pomp and magnificence but a few short years ago. Those who saw him then do not recognize him now; for when the devil wallows a fellow in a hog-pen his best friends won't recognize him. [Laughter.] And on he presses his way until he comes in sight of his old homestead. He reaches the oak tree and in the distances he sees the home of his boyhood. He sees his father's cattle feeding in the meadows of the farm, and as he looked at his bleeding feet and coatless body he says: "I am not worthy to go any farther; I'll break down and die here. But the father arises on the scene as he sees his boy afar off. They were legs of mercy that carried the old man to his boy, and when they meet the kisses the father implants on the cheeks of his son are kisses of mercy. The poor boy looks up and says: "Father, I am no longer worthy to be thy son." The father puts his hand over the boy's mouth and cries aloud: "Servants, make haste and bring me a robe that I may clothe this boy." Then they walk home together and the fatted calf is killed.

Oh, wandering men, let's go home to-night. All who can say "I'm going to the old homestead to-night," please stand up.

Fifty-five hundred fine-looking men and boys stood up.

The meeting was the most interesting of the present revival. The earnestness of Mr. Jones impressed itself on all who heard his sermon and many were moved to tears. At the close of the services eighty-six men—a score of whom were dressed in the height of fashion—fell upon their knees in the inquiry rooms. A drunken man, supported by two men, was borne up to the platform. Tears ran down his cheeks and he was moaning piteously. The evangelist extended his hand, which the unfortunate man seized and kissed passionately.

At the close of Sam Small's brief sermon at the Casino rink in the evening, Mr. Jones announced to the 7,000 people present that he had quit the use of tobacco. In making the announcement Mr. Jones said he now had no habit that was a stumbling block to anybody. "If I haven't done Chicago any good," said he, "thank God Chicago can say that she has done a poor, little, pale southern preacher some good."

Mr. Jones was cheered, and for five minutes the noise was deafening. Mr. Small gave a temperance sermon. Among other things he said:

There is a great deal of talk about Chinese cheap labor, he said, yet Chinese cheap labor was not half as bad as German beer or American whisky. He would swap beer and whisky for Chinamen every day in the week and make money by the operation. [Applause.] Doctors of to-day who prescribe spiritus frumenti do not know as much as the Egyptian physicians of old, who knew the danger of giving patients intoxicants for medicine. The congregation was warned against taking an appetizer in the morning or a constitutional at night, lest through the laws of heredity posterity should suffer.

LAST OF THE ARCHER GANG.

Samuel Sentenced to be Hung by the Sheriff—Lynch Sent to Penitentiary.

SHOALS, Ind., March 29.—The jury in the Archer case went into court Saturday morning with a verdict of guilty and the penalty of death. The prisoner's counsel of course entered a motion for a new trial and arrest of judgment, which latter was overruled and an exception taken. Judge Hefron then imposed the death sentence on Archer, who received it standing, with downcast eyes, but cool demeanor. The day of execution was fixed for July 9, 1886, exactly four years after the murder of his brother, young Mart Archer, and lacking but three days of being the same length of time since the murder of Samuel Bunch. The verdict was received quietly, but with out-spoken satisfaction everywhere. Archer has made a complete confession corroborating Lynch's story. The latter, who turned state's evidence and was promised immunity, was held to answer a charge of perjury in swearing that Bunch was alive, and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, to which place he started Saturday afternoon.

Hammered Silver and Gold.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 29.—Saturday as per agreement was put in by the members of the house either making or listening to speeches on the silver question. Culbertson of Texas, spoke for free coinage and for legislation that would force the treasury to pay the silver dollars out on the redemption of bonds and interest payments. Long of Massachusetts, demanded a halt in the name of common sense. Silver coinage should be suspended. The Bland dollar was a swindle on the workingman of the country who was the one constant creditor. Long deprecated the tone of silver speeches in that they were full of epithets from those who believed that silver coinage was a mistake and who were just as honest and patriotic as the silver men.

Dorgan of South Carolina, spoke for a single gold standard and called the Bland dollar "80 cents worth of bullion with a falsehood stamped upon it." Halsell of Kentucky said the people had spoken in favor of silver coinage and congress should heed their voice.

Break in the British Cabinet.

LONDON, March 29.—The long expected secession from the cabinet has taken place. On Saturday Joseph Chamberlain and G. O. Trevelyan resigned and James Stansfeld, radical, and the earl of Dalhousie have been appointed to Chamberlain's and Trevelyan's places respectively—president of the local board of trade and secretary for Scotland. The Irish question was the rock the split took place on. Liberals are still putting their trust in Gladstone.

An Illinois Poor-House Burned.

PEORIA, Ills., March 29.—The Peoria county alms-house, situated six miles from the city, was destroyed by fire Sunday morning. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $25,000. The conflagration was caused by a spark falling into the wooden cupola. A wing for the accommodation of the insane was saved. In this department the inmates of the burned building, 115 in number, will be temporarily cared for.

Secretary Manning Resting Quietly.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 29.—Secretary Manning is reported by members of the family to have rested quietly during Sunday and he is very comfortable. His physicians that the secretary's condition is unchanged and that no change is expected for the present.

Too Much Brain Work.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 29.—Charles Reynolds, Jr., managing editor of The Herald, died suddenly in Annapolis Sunday morning of paralysis of the brain. Mr. Reynolds was 28 years old.

New Labor Journal.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., March 29.—The prospectus of The Springfield National Workman, a weekly journal devoted to the interests of labor, to be published by J. C. Buchanan, late editor of The Illinois State Journal, has just been issued, and it is expected the first issue of the paper will appear in about two weeks.

Senator Jones of Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 29.—The Times-Union publishes a letter from Governor Perry, saying that Senator Jones' absence from his seat does not make a vacancy in a constitutional sense, and consequently he has no power to make an appointment to fill a vacancy which does not exist.

Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes, that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all coughs and colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful discovery. Trial bottle free at F. Sherer & Co.'s drug store.

YOU SIR! Cure that cough with Collis' Cherry Cough Cure. It will do it. Prentice & Evenson, the druggists opposite the post office, warrant every bottle. It contains no opium, and for children is the only safe remedy in the market. Try it. Price, 50 cents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR COUGHS, CROUP —AND— CONSUMPTION USE

TAYLOR'S CHEROKEE REMEDY

OF SWEET GUM AND MULLEIN.

The sweet gum, as gathered from a tree of the same name, growing along the small streams in the Southern States, contains a stimulating expectorant principle that loosens the phlegm producing the early morning cough, and stimulates the child to throw off the false membrane in croup and whooping-cough. When combined with the healing mucilaginous principle in the mullein plant of the old fields, presents in TAYLOR'S CHEROKEE REMEDY OF SWEET GUM AND MULLEIN the finest known remedy for Coughs, Croup, Whooping-cough and Consumption; and so palatable, any child is pleased to take it. Ask your druggist for it. Price, 25c and $1. Walter A. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by Prentice & Evenson, Opposite postoffice

JANESVILLE.

Thermo-Therapeutic

BATHS.

NORCROSS' BLOCK RIVER ST., JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Mrs. Anna ?? & Mr. M. A. Norris

Proprietors.

TURKISH, RUSSIAN, VAPOR, AND Medicated Baths.

Complete in all its appointments. (Strictly first class.

Hours for Treatment.

9 a. m. to 11 p. m., daily. Sundays from 9 a. m., to 1 p. m. On Mondays, Wednesdays and Friday afternoons the rooms will be Reserved for the exclusive use of Ladies from 1 to 6 o'clock.

For terms and further particulars call at office or address M. A. NORRIS, Manager.

jan20 dawtf

Real Estate COLUMN.

H. H. BLANCHARD.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR SALE.

For sale, one of the best farms in Rock County, containing 237 acres, all excellent plough land, naturally very rich, fertile soil, under a high state of cultivation; good for tobacco, hay or any kind of farm crops, and is also an excellent stock farm. Is situated as to be convenient to the best schools, churches and markets.

140 acres, seven miles from city of Janesville, good land, about 50 acres good timber. Improvements have cost $5,000, all for the small sum of $5,300; on easy terms.

100 acres, fine farm, eight miles from city, good improvements, for $50 per acre.

100 acres, six miles from city, upon which there is a large stone basement barn, tobacco barn and three houses, about 30 acres of timber, for $50 per acre.

80 acres, six miles from city, good improvements $40 per acre.

80 acres splendid and 1½ miles from city at $60 per acre.

Money to Loan.

RESIDENCE NO. 16½ LOCUST STREET FOURTH WARD.

OFFICE, Smith's Block, Janesville, Wis

H. H. BLANCHARD,

SPECIAL OFFERING AT Bort, Bailey AND Co's

Best all wool Ingrain Carpets...	$ 65
Wilton Velvet Carpets	1 25
Body Brussels Carpets	1 00
Cotton Chain Ingrain Carpets...	25
Lonsdale, Bleached	07½
Fruit of the Loom, Bleached....	07¾
Janesville L L Sheeting	04¾
Nashua R Sheeting	06½
Good Prints	03
Amoskeag A Grain Bags	15

IMMENSE BARGAINS!

In all Departments.

BORT, BAILEY & CO

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the city of Janesville, on the 1st Tuesday in April, 1886, at which the following city and ward officers will be chosen, to-wit:

A Treasurer, City Attorney, Justice of Peace, School Commissioner-at-large, an Alderman in each ward, also School Commissioners in Second and Fourth wards, for the term of two years. A Constable and a Supervisor in each ward, for the term of one year. Five Water Commissioners from the city at large, who shall hold their offices respectively, for one, two, three, four and five years.

The following places are designated as the polling places on that day.

For First ward—Engine House No. 1.
For Second ward—Engine House No. 2.
For Third Ward—C. H. Lee's Carpenter shop.
For Fourth Ward—Ratherum's building at the rink.
For Fifth ward—C. & N. W. Ry. Freight depot.

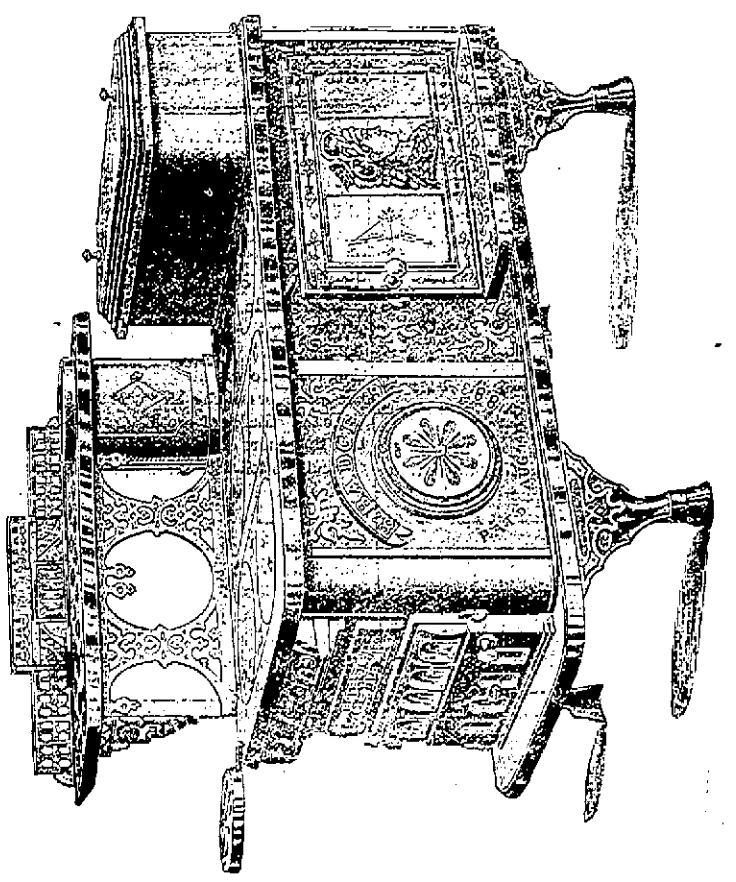
CHAS. E. CHURCH,
City Clerk.

Dated, Janesville, Wis., March 26th, 1886.

mch25d10d

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

THE BADGER!



COOKING STOVE OR RANGE

Has been in the market long enough to demonstrate that it has no equal; 250 of these popular stoves are now in use in Janesville and Rock county and they are giving universal satisfaction. If you want a cook stove or range, examine the Badger thoroughly before you buy and you will be convinced that it leads all others in point of merit.

FURNACES.

The Fuller & Warren companys Top Return Flue Furnace is the latest improved furnace in the market and has no superior as a house heater. It contains all the good points of the popular "Ruby" made by the same company, with many improvements added.

THE SPLENDID.

Among the many base-burners, the Splendid occupies a conspicuous place and is acknowledged first class in every respect. It is highly ornamental in design and a wonderful heater. Examine the Splendid before you buy a coal burner and buy no other.

The Round Oak.

Wood Stove is unsurpassed in point of excellence. With a large and complete line of GENERAL HARDWARE and the above named specialties I am fully prepared for the fall and winter trade of 1885.

JOHN GRIFFITHS, Janesville, Wis.

P. S. I also have a fine line of Phaetons, open and top Buggies, Platform Spring and Lumber Wagons, at prices that will interest parties in want of this class of goods.

DO NOT FORGET!

THAT

The Travelers Accident Insurance Co.

Of Hartford, Conn.

Is the Largest Accident Company in the World:

That it is the only large one in America. That it pays $4,000 a day for losses by death and disabling injury. That it has paid $16,500,000 to policy holders since 1864. That one in nine of all insured under its Accident policies have received fatal or disabling injuries.

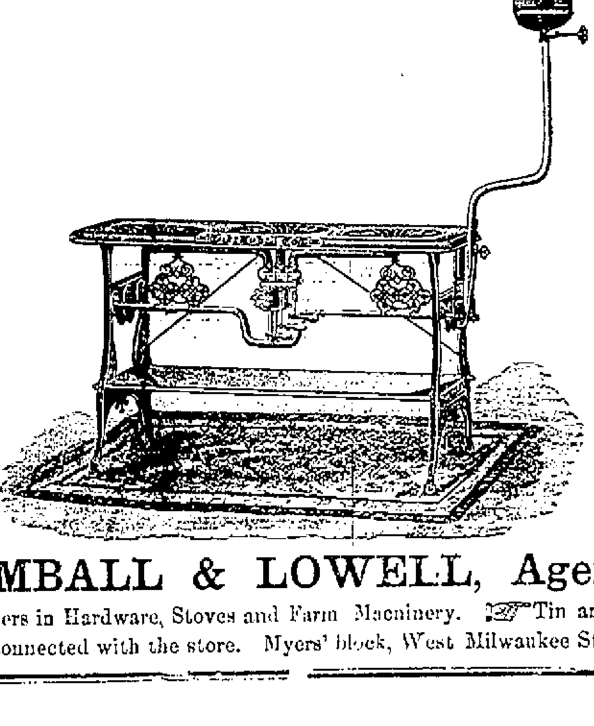
CHAS. DUTTON & SON, Agents,

Pioneer Insurance Headquarters, East end Milwaukee Street bridge.

AN IMPORTANT INVENTION!

THE ONE WHICH SHALL LEAD ALL OTHERS.

TROPIC VAPOR STOVE.



TROPIC VAPOR STOVE.

KIMBALL & LOWELL, Agents.

Dealers in Hardware, Stoves and Farm Machinery. Tin and Gun Shop connected with the store. Myers' block, West Milwaukee St.

Hardware and Stoves!

WEST POINT is recognized as the leading square stove. Rich in design, perfect in construction. It will give more heat with same coal than any stove made.

DON'T FAIL to use Perfection Weather Strip. Easily applied, very durable, equal to double window. To be had only at our store.

WORLD'S JEWEL New and novel sectional and revolving self-cleaning fire pots. Please examine.

WIRE NAILS Better and cheaper than cut nails; being adopted by builders and box makers.

GOLD COIN Surface Burner is not beaten.

JEWEL RANGES. Six sizes and styles burns coal and wood equally well; keeps fire continually. Minimum cost for fuel and repairs.

CUTLERY. American and English Pocket Knives. Heinish Shears, Table Cutlery and Carvers. Wm. H triple plated Knives and Forks at $3.00 per doz en.

HANDLED AXES 90 cents. Warranted Saws, painted and braced frame 75c; Wringers, $2.50.

NEW CASTLE All cast coal stoves, $9.00.

Star Roller Skates Club and Rink. Full line Repairing. Full club Roller Skates, $3.50.

HANCHETT & SHELDON.

MISCELLANEOUS

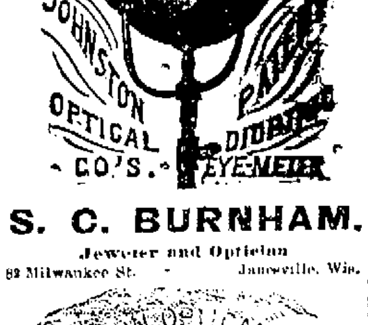
Coal and Wood.

In 5 or 10 cord lots, Green or Dry, piled and measured in your yard. Leave your orders with R. W. King or I. C. Brownell for

J. H. GATELEY

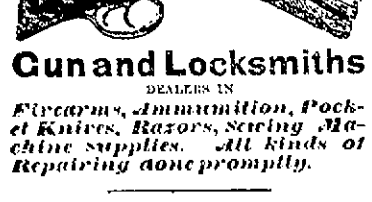
THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK.**

MOSES & BRO.
Furniture
Pictures & Frames,
PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST
West Milwaukee St.



S. C. BURNHAM.
Jeweler and Optician
82 Milwaukee St. Janesville, Wis.

PIERSON BROS.



Gun and Locksmiths
DEALERS IN
Firearms, Ammunition, Pocket Knives, Razors, Sewing Machine supplies. All kinds of Repairing done promptly.

Rifles & Shot Guns TO RENT.

sep1dawly

MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS!

Cheaper than any traveling man can possibly afford. Don't be humbugged by good talking agents.

Fine Granite Monuments

A specialty. Come and see me or drop me a postal card and I will call with samples and designs.

F. A. BENNETT.
Janesville- Wisconsin.
mar28dawly

I WILL MOVE!

March 1st, 1886, my stock of goods from Pitcher & Ziegler's basement, to the rooms lately occupied by Mr. Gitlin, in Noterose' block. I have a full line of samples for

Spring Suitings!

Which I will make up from $20.00 upwards. Pants from $5.00 upwards.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING DONE

In best possible manner. It will pay you to call on C. A. BEHRENDT.
sep7dawly

14 LUCKY NUMBER
FOURTEEN PHOTOGRAPHS
3 DIFFERENT STYLES
FOR
$4.00
AT
C. F. TURNER'S

BLANKS!
All kinds at the Gazette Counitng Room.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TRISTRAM SHANDY'S FATHER.

Tristram Shandy, in the humorous opening chapters of the book which bears his name and purports to record his life and opinions, tells us that his father was at one time afflicted with sciatica, and that this affliction was indirectly the cause of events which had a most baleful and unhappy effect upon his own future life. Little matters like these often do affect the career not only of the sufferer himself, but of those by whom he is surrounded, and perhaps Tristram's subsequent misfortunes, even more than he knew, might all be traced to that sciatica from which his father, "a Turkey merchant—one of the most regular men in everything he did, whether it was matter of business or matter of amusements, that ever lived"—suffered all December, January and February. Sciatica and other diseases must be held responsible for a good deal that goes wrong in the present day also, and even an attack of indigestion in so august a personage as a President or King may lead to events that may affect the destinies of nations.

An attack of sciatica, however, from which Mr. T. E. Chatfield, a contractor and builder of Milwaukee, Wis., has recently suffered, painful as it was, has been attended with at least one good result, for which Mr. Chatfield is thankful, and that is it has shown him that there is a cure for the disease. Mr. Chatfield lives at No. 565 Eleventh avenue, and is well known in Milwaukee. To one who called upon him in reference to his case he told this story:

"Yes; I was afflicted terribly. I took some Athlophoros and the disease is gone. I will explain how it was. Rheumatism is not a new thing with me by any means. I had the sciatica for many years and tried many kinds of medicine without any relief. Of course, there would be times when I would suffer worse than at others, especially in damp and stormy weather. Last fall I had a very severe attack, probably the worst I ever had.

"I was so badly crippled that I could not walk and I could not get any sleep except when the doctor would inject morphine. Then I would be able to doze a little while. I read about Athlophoros in the papers and decided to try it in my case. After using about two-thirds of a bottle the pain went away as if by some magic power and in a few days I was entirely well and went about my work."

"Did you have any returns of the disease during the severe winter?"

"No; nothing to speak of. I felt a little twinge in my right leg, but I attribute that to my leaving off the medicine so soon. I got well so quickly that I quit taking the medicine and did not really give it a fair chance to clear the disease entirely out of my system. If any sufferer from rheumatism is made sick by the Athlophoros in taking it according to the directions I would advise him to take smaller doses, but to stick to the medicine, as it will surely cure him as it did me."

E. L. Dimock, of the firm of Dimock & Hayner, insurance agents, East Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis., who was so seriously afflicted with rheumatism in his hips and legs that he could not move without great trouble and intense pain, gives this as his experience with Athlophoros:

"I have now used one bottle of Athlophoros with the most satisfactory results, being almost entirely free from pain."

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed. ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall Street, New York.

Hardware, Etc.

Wire.	**Farmer's Tools.**
Nails.	**Carpenter's Tools.**
Axes.	**Shelf Hardware.**
Rope.	**Tinware.**
Shears.	**Pocket Cutlery.**
Wringers.	**Dry Goods.**
Wooden Ware,	**Carpet Sweepers.**

And a great variety of other goods at prices to compare with the times. A good grain bag from 15c to 18c. Call and examine goods.

E. HALL
River Street.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda
Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvelous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.
For Sale by all Druggists.
Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS
For Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Indigestion. Mild but effective.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

KOCH & SON'S
Celebrated Fashion Catalogue
SENT FREE For Spring and Summer, 1886, ready March 10th, to any address. Illustrates and lists everything for Ladies', Gents', Childrens' and Infants' wear and Housekeeping Goods, at prices lower than those of any house in the United States. Complete satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. H. C. F. KOCH & SON, 6th Ave. & 20th St. N. Y. City.

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, MARCH 29.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago & Northwestern.
Trains at Janesville Station

—ARRIVE—

From Beloit	9:05 A M
From Rockford, Beloit and Chicago	1:20 P M
From Madison and St Paul	10:30 A M
From Madison, Winona and Dakota	4:00 P M
From Harvard, Clinton and Chicago	1:20 P M
From Beloit	8:45 P M
From Green Bay Fond du Lac and Watertown	12:30 P M
From Beloit and Chicago	1:05 A M
From Madison, and Dakota	2:35 A M
From Madison and St. Paul	3:30 A M
From Beloit, and Chicago	2:35 A M

—DEPART—

For Beloit	7:05 A M
For Beloit, Rockford and Chicago	9:50 A M
For Madison, Winona and Dakota	12:30 P M
For Rockford and Chicago	7:00 A M
For Chicago	12:35 P M
For Rockford and Chicago	2:30 P M
For Madison and St. Paul	2:30 P M
For Beloit	5:10 P M
For Madison, Winona and Dakota	12:20 A M
For Milwaukee and Green Bay	1:20 P M
For Madison and St. Paul	1:45 A M
For Beloit and Chicago	2:45 A M

C. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville Wis.
M. HUGHITT, Gen'l. Supt.
W. H. STENNETT, General Passenger Agent.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.
TRAINS LEAVE.

For Chicago and Milwaukee	9:50 A M / 12:30 P M
For Madison and Portage	10:40 A M
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and West	4:15 P M
For Beloit, Rockford and Rock Island	9:45 A M
For Chicago, Council Bluffs and West	12:10 P M
For Beloit and Rockford	6:00 P M
For Racine, Rock Island and West	6:00 P M
For Beloit freight and passenger)	8:10 A M
For Monroe, Mineral Point, Platteville and Shullsburg (freight and passenger)	9:40 A M
For Platteville and Shullsburg (mail)	5:55 P M
For Monroe (freight and passenger)	9:15 P M

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Milwaukee and Chicago	5:55 P M / 8:50 P M
From St. Paul, Madison and Portage	9:40 A M / 1:20 P M
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit. From Rock Island, St. Louis & West.	9:30 A M
From Chicago, Council Bluffs and Southwest	1:14 P M
From Platteville, Mineral Point, Darlington and Monroe	9:30 A M
From Mineral Point & Monroe, (mixed)	5:55 P M

T. T. CROFT, Agent,
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

MISS RIVERS' REVENGE.

It is not so many years ago that I, Heritage Rivers, a slim girl of 17, left school, and stepped out into the grown-up world to meet what fate awaited me. In accordance with a solemn promise, I spent some little time with an old school friend, Clara Ramsay—one, like myself just emancipated. Her people lived at Twickenham, in a delicious old house with a large garden.

As the Ramsays were quiet people and kept little company, an announcement made by Mrs. Ramsay that a dinner-party was projected was sufficient to flutter our hearts. For several days before it took place, we discussed again and again the merits of the guests who were to be present. As Clara knew them all except one, her interest was centered on the probable appearance of this gentleman. As even her mamma did not know him, all information respecting him must be extracted from Mr. Ramsay, whose friend he was. Girls being inquisitive creatures, Clara, at breakfast, egged on by me, asked her father:

"Who is Mr. Vincent Hope, papa?"

"A friend of mine, my dear. A very clever young man, who will one day, I think, be a most distinguished member of society."

The guests arrived—two by two. "Like animals going into the ark," whispered Clara, who, having seen a little more society than I had, seemed quite at her ease. Mr. Vincent Hope, as became a distinguished man, was late. At least, it was not until a few moments before dinner was announced that Mr. Ramsay brought a gentleman to me and presented him.

We bent to each other; then, taking his arm, I joined the procession to the dining-room. We sat in our appointed places, and as the soup was being handed round, Mr. Hope addressed a few ordinary remarks to me. Then I began to realize how shy—how stupid a person I was. The only words my foolish tongue seemed capable of forming were "Yes" and "No." Connected words had left me for an indefinite period. I felt my conversational shortcomings so acutely, that it was some little while before I was able to look at my neighbor, except furtively and timidly.

The young man was undoubtedly handsome. His eyes—the feature a woman first looks at—were good; gray, I decided, with dark lashes. His face was pale, and bore a look of refinement. His forehead was high—not too high—and his chin was large, and gave him the appearance of possessing considerable force of character. Twenty-eight, I should have guessed his age. Altogether a very creditable young man.

In five minutes, I positively hated myself and Mr. Vincent Hope. It may be kindness to bring one's intellect down to the level of the listener; I call it conceit. If, in spite of my elaborate new dress, he could not help seeing I was but a school-girl, was there any reason why he should so plainly show me he saw it? He did not even pretend to patronize me; he simply chose to talk upon subjects which he was pleased to think was well within my limited range. It was mortifying! I twisted up my dinner-napkin under the table, as a sort of vent to my vexation. Soon I grew desperate. I would show this man I was not the inane, empty-headed school-girl he fancied me, or I would perish in the attempt.

My fluency of speech came back as suddenly as it left me. On my own account, I began to talk—of topics about which I knew nothing—of places I had never visited—of people I had never seen—and of books I had never read. He seemed amused at my new departure, and, I flattered myself, tried to lead me on to talk. So talk I did, and thought no evil. It was not until I had once or twice gone completely out of my depth, right over head and shoulders, and was compelled to flounder back as best I could, that I fancied the wretched man was laughing at me—not openly, of course; his manner was politeness itself—yet I had an unpleasant suspicion that more than once I had made myself an idiot in his eyes. I was greatly relieved when the signal came to leave the table.

It was dull work in the drawing-room. It was very hot, too. I peeped out of the window and saw the garden looking most tempting in the light of a lovely autumnal moon. How delightful it would be if I could have one walk round it. I slipped from the room, covered my head and shoulders with a shawl, and stole through the library window, which opened to the ground. I forgot all my little annoyance in the beauty of the night; I became quite cheerful and happy. I was loth to leave the enchanting scene. At last, with a sigh, I turned and began to retrace my steps to the house. To my horror, as I neared it I saw the French casements of the dining-room open. The men were coming out to get a breath of fresh air and to smoke a cigarette before entering the drawing-room. What could I do? I was certain to be seen. I shrank from the polite ridicule with which my nocturnal wanderings were sure to be greeted; in truth I was now rather ashamed of the freak which had led me into such an awkward situation. I wished to extricate myself without having to make excuses and explanations, and as I shuddered at the thought of walking boldly past the knot of gentlemen I was compelled to adopt the alternative—concealment.

On the lawn near to me grew one of those conical trees—a species of laurel—the foliage of which touches the ground, and leaves the center nearly hollow. This particular tree was so large that it formed a natural summer-house, and to enable it to fulfill its mission an entrance had been cut through the bows on the side farthest from the house. It was the very thing—a perfect harbor of refuge! I rushed inside, unseen and, I hoped, unheard, resolved to wait behind the friendly boughs until the voices which I heard in the distance died into silence.

In a few minutes I became aware that voices were drawing near to me—so alarmingly near, that very soon I was able to recognize them and distinguish what they were saying. It was Mr. Vincent Hope and his host, who had strolled away from their friends.

"You have a fine specimen of the Portuguese laurel here," said the former.

"Yes," replied Mr. Ramsay. "It's a fine tree of the kind. They seldom grow larger. Indeed, this one is beginning to die down. There is an entrance cut on the other side: so it makes a shady, but uncomfortable, warm weather retreat."

Then I knew that the two gentlemen were coming round to the entrance. I was in despair. I cowered down in the darkness and prayed that Mr. Hope's curiosity might not induce him to pursue his botanical researches into the interior. I saw his head and shoulders fill up the entrance and hide the moonlight falling there. For the moment I was undecided whether to shriek with horror, to endeavor to scare him away by growling like a wild beast, or to lie still and trust to chance. On the whole, the last seemed the wisest course to adopt.

"I hope you found your companion at dinner a pleasant one?" said Mr. Ramsay.

"Oh, yes; very pleasant," replied Mr. Hope carelessly. "She's a nice sort of a girl, I dare say."

A nice sort of girl! The wretched man! I hated him!

"We think a great deal more of her than that," said that dear old Mr. Ramsay.

"Indeed," replied his companion, without evincing the slightest interest in the matter.

"Yes—indeed and indeed," echoed my old friend. "But joking apart, did you not notice she bids fair to be a most beautiful woman?"

It would have needed little more to have brought me from my lurking-place to have kissed that good old man!

Vincent Hope laughed quietly.

"She seemed to me of the ordinary school-girl type. I don't care much for school-girls."

I dug my nails into my hands and ground my teeth. Handsome as the man looked in the moonlight, I could have killed him then and there.

"Yet," said Mr. Ramsay, "I noticed she talked pretty freely to you."

The shrug of Mr. Hope's shoulders almost maddened me.

I waited a minute; then I peeped out, and at last ventured to creep round the laurel and reconnoiter. The broad back of my candid critic was just disappearing through the dining-room window. I shook my fist viciously at it. I watched Mr. Ramsay follow his guest, saw the window close and the blind fall; then I flew at top speed to the library, whence I made my exit, entered noiselessly, and threw myself into a chair, feeling that my life was blighted.

* * * * * * *

Five years passed by. Either for better or worse, I had changed in much, but still retained my knack of never forgetting a foe or friend. Incredible as it seems, my anger against Mr. Hope was keen as ever—my wish for revenge as strong.

It was winter. I was spending some weeks with new friends, who had taken a great fancy to me—kind, hospitable people who liked to have a constant stream of visitors passing, but very slowly, through their house. Breakfast was just over, we had been longer about it than usual, the weather being too damp and drizzly to tempt us out of doors. Letters were being read with the last cup of tea. The Squire—we called him the Squire—selected one from his pile, and tossed it over to his wife, remarking that she would be glad to hear the good news it contained. Then it went from hand to hand until I had the pleasure of reading:

"I will do no more work for weeks, but will take the train to-morrow and come to Blaize house, in time, I hope, for dinner.
"VINCENT HOPE."

Vincent Hope! It must be my old enemy.

I had plenty of time to mature my plans and draw soothing pictures of the effects of my revenge.

Fortune favored me. As the greatest stranger and last arrival, it would have been in Vincent Hope's province to take our hostess into the dining-room, had we not been favored that day by the presence of a county magnate, whose claim to precedence could not be lightly overlooked. It seemed but natural and part of the plot that the Squire should present Mr. Vincent Hope to Miss Rivers, and for the second time in their lives these two should be seated side by side.

I lifted my lashes and looked straight at him. If time had not been quite idle with him, it had treated him kindly. He was handsome as ever. The hair near his temple being just flecked with gray did not detract from his good looks. I thought his features looked more marked, and the whole expression of his face more confident and powerful even than of old. He had won success, and, no doubt, fully realized the fact.

"Vincent Hope!" I echoed. "Not the Vincent Hope?"

I guessed instinctively that flattery was not a bad gun with which to open fire. By this time his name was so well known that it would have been affectation to appear to misunderstand me. He bowed and smiled.

"Exchange is but fair. I scarcely heard what the Squire called you."

"Rivers—Heritage Rivers."

"Heritage Rivers," he echoed musingly. "It is an uncommon name; but I fancy I have heard it before."

"Oh, please don't say so, Mr. Hope. I did think I had one original thing to boast of—my name. How would you like, after looking upon all your plots as original, to find them but plagiarisms?"

He laughed.

"Many are, I fear. But you are trespassing on forbidden ground. Let us seek fresh pastures."

We did so. We talked all dinner time. Mr. Hope was condescending enough not only to listen attentively to my words, but to reply to them as if they had weight with him. All this was very delightful. The first steps to revenge were smooth and pleasant ones; for there is no need to say that I hated him as much, and felt as vindictive as ever.

He was walking straight to his fate. I felt it when, just before the signal for departure, he dropped his voice almost to a whisper, and was good enough to say, that, to him, the peculiar charm of this particular dinner was that such an agreeable interchange of ideas would not be ended with the night, but might be resumed to-morrow. Coming as it did from such a famous person, I could only glance my thanks, blush, and look pleased at the compliment.

Very promising, too, were the events of the next day. He walked with me, and told me, among other things, a great deal about his early life and struggles for success. He was quite interesting, so much so that I wished I could check these confidences. I feared that his talk might awaken a suspicion of sympathy in my mind, which would grievously interfere with my vendetta.

There!—I will write no more about it. Now, I am utterly ashamed of it all. Had it not been for my resolve to reject it when offered, I would have stooped to win no man's love—not even Vincent Hope's. But in five days I knew that my work was done—and fully done—so fully that I dreaded the result of it, and began to wish I had not been so vindictive. Worse than all, friends—as friends will—were exchanging knowing glances, and commenting on the relations which appeared to exist between my foe and myself.

Could I have conquered my nature, and decided to forego revenge, it was now impossible to do so. For my own sake, matters must come to a climax, that all might see how little I cared for the man.

Perhaps I had the grace to avoid Vincent Hope somewhat during the next two days. Perhaps that very avoidance caused the catastrophe. But on the third day chance—pure chance, mind—left us together and alone. For a moment there was silence between us; then he drew near to me and said, in a quiet, earnest voice:

"Heritage, I love you. Will you be my wife?"

I could not answer. All I could do was to prevent myself from breaking into hysterical laughter.

He tried to take my hand.

"Heritage, my darling! I think I loved you the moment I saw you. Look up and answer me; say you love me and will be my wife."

His wife! After hating him for so long—after winning his love in a way the thought of which made me blush! Never, never, never!

So I steeled myself—drew myself up to every inch of my height—looked him full in the face—triumphed, and took my revenge. I hope and think I spoke composedly, if not coldly.

"Mr. Hope, you honor me greatly, but it can not be. Please never mention it again."

His face was very pale; and when an expression of positive pain left it, grew stern, almost hard. My manner must have convinced him I was in earnest. No doubt, had I wished to do so, I could have made him fall at my feet and plead passionately. But then, unless one is an utter savage, vindictiveness must be limited. I had done enough.

Perhaps, under such trying circumstances, no man could have behaved in a more dignified manner than did Mr. Hope.

"I am to understand," he said calmly, but with a look in his eyes which I dared not meet—"I am to understand you—you do not love me?"

I bowed.

"Please let me hear you say so," he said.

"I do not. Let us say no more about it. I think I will go back to the house now."

We walked in silence until we were close to the gates. Then he said:

"Unless my presumption to-day makes my presence unbearable to you, I shall stay two days longer, as I promised Mr. Lighton. It is not worth while to set people inquiring as to the reason for a hasty departure."

"Certainly not," I answered. "Stay as long as you wish; or, if you prefer it, I will leave."

"That is out of the question," he replied, as we crossed the threshold and parted.

I went to my room—to exult, of course, in my revenge. It was so full, so complete, so exactly as I planned it. And writers and poets say that revenge is sweet. Oh yes, it was very, very sweet—so sweet, that I double-locked the door, that no one might see how much I enjoyed it—so sweet that I threw myself on my bed, and thought my heart must break as I sobbed and wept; for the truth must be told—I loved Vincent Hope even as he said and as I hoped he loved me. Yet, for the sake of vanity I had to-day rejected the love of a man, the best, the noblest, the cleverest in the world! I had hurled my hoarded stone, and right well it had fulfilled its mission; but its rebound had crushed me. Oh yes, revenge is very sweet!

The morning of the third day came, and I knew that in a few hours we should shake hands, part, and there would be the end of everything. Vincent Hope was sped away along the winding carriage-drive, and for the first time in her foolish life, Heritage Rivers knews that such things as broken hearts may be found outside romances.

Something was afoot that afternoon—walking party or skating party—for it was the middle of January and bitterly cold. Now that the necessity of keeping up appearances for another's sake was at an end, Miss Rivers felt very much like breaking down and disgracing herself. She longed for solitude and made some excuse to stay at home. As every one was bound on the expedition, she had the house practically to herself. After bemoaning her wickedness and folly for some time in the sanctity of her own chamber, a strange craving came over her. She felt she must go down and sit in the little room which adjoins the library—a room that had been set apart for the use of Mr. Vincent Hope. There he had made corrections in such bundles of manuscript as had from time to time been sent him from the city. The stupidity of her desire need not be commented upon, as her generally idiotic nature must have made itself manifest many pages back. She entered the room and closed the door softly. She sat down at the leather-covered table, and leaning her head on her hands looked anything but a prosperous, healthy, comfortable young woman.

Presently she glanced stealthily around her, and from the bosom of her dress drew out a photograph of a very handsome, distinguished-looking man. Mr. Hope had given it to her, at her request, some days before. One by one the tears began to fall, and soon came so fast that she gave in altogether—forgot where she was, forgot all risk of interruption—and laying her head on the table presented the very picture of woe.

Suddenly the door was thrown open and Mr. Hope stood before her! She sprang to her feet, and in her agitation brushed the photograph to the ground. Even in her dire confusion the prayer that it might have fallen face downward framed itself. But she dared not look to see; she had to face the intruder as best she could. Yet he seemed for the moment taken even more back than Miss Rivers. He stammered out something about a shaft broken three miles from home—impossibility of catching train—come back to write telegrams, etc. Then he looked on the ground, and what he saw there was enough to make him glance wonderingly at the shame-faced girl who stood before him with wet lashes and glowing cheeks.

"Miss Rivers—Heritage!" he said, "tell me what this means."

She made no reply, but endeavored to pass him. He blocked the way, and by the exercise of some force, took both her hands in his. As they stood there, she could see on the ground between them that unlucky photograph lying face upward.

"Let me go, Mr. Hope," she said. "It is unkind to keep me against my will."

Her appeal was vain. His strong hands held her yet more firmly. He seemed to be waiting until she chose to look up and meet his eyes. But that would never have been—not if they had stood there till the present moment.

At last he spoke: his voice was almost grave:

"Heritage, I have always vowed I would ask no woman twice to be my wife; but I will ask you once more if you love me."

Miss Rivers only bent her head lower and lower.

"Answer me, Heritage!" said he in a changed, passionate voice. "My darling, answer me, and this time truthfully!"

It was no use. Had she wished to do so, she could fight no longer. She ventured to raise her eyes a little, and said, so timidly, so differently from her usual way of speaking:

"If I thought you would only forgive me, I would try and show you what I can not, will not tell you—how much I love you!"

So this was how I worked out my revenge.

It was only after we were married that I ventured to tell my husband that I had actually laid myself out to win his love—and why, when won, I had rejected it. My confession, which was really seriously made, being completed, he looked at me with mock severity.

"Heritage," he said, "had I known this before, I might, even at the eleventh hour, have thought better of the step I was taking in putting my future in the hands of such a vindictive young woman."

"And perhaps, sweet sir," I answered, "for the very fear of that, I have deferred my explanation until now."—Adapted from Hugh Conway.—Copyrighted.

Time tried and true is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which combines the good qualities of all the best cough remedies without the defects of any of them. It cures promptly and permanently coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, influenza, bronchitis, hoarseness, incipient consumption, and all throat and lung diseases, healing the lungs. Safe and pleasant for children. Price 50 cents and $1.

If you would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents. Prentice & Evenson, opposite P. O.

A Novel Feature in Investments

The whole country, after having undergone a period of depression is now asking itself, what business has least been affected and uninjured?

Such a business, industry or corporation that can make a better showing now than before the crisis, attracts the attention of capital, merits the confidence of investors, and is being eagerly sought for.

There is such a business, and it has heretofore been monopolized by English and Scotch capital until some three hundred millions have been invested in the Ranche and Cattle business of this great country.

Foremost amongst the strongest, richest and most successful American Companies stand the United States Land and Investment Company, 145 Broadway, New York, which is now offering $500,000, First Mortgage six per cent 10-year bonds, for subscription at 90 cash, or at par, upon a novel installment feature which appeals to the farmer as well as the banker, the clerk and mechanic as well as the millionaire, and to all who desire to invest their savings at better rates of interest than any bank will allow.

This company issues certificates of indebtedness in one and five dollars, each representing an installment, and when the investor has purchased $50 of these certificates he becomes entitled to a $100 *gold bond*, First Mortgage, bearing 6 per cent interest, which he can obtain upon presenting his certificates or forwarding them by letter to the company's office, at 145 Broadway, N. Y.

The remaining $50 due on the bond being payable to the company in monthly installments not exceeding $5.

The bond commences to draw interest on delivery the same as if fully paid. In addition to which the company gives as a bonus, *free*, one fully paid up share of stock of the value of $25.

Those desiring to buy their bonds outright for cash can do so at 10 per cent discount in $100, $500 or $1,000 bonds and receive one, five or ten shares of stock *free*. The bonds are secured by property owned absolutely by the company, estimated to be worth $3,000,000, and this money received from sale of bonds will be invested in cattle, the income from which it is estimated will yield 30 per cent upon the stock after paying 6 per cent on the bonds.

Applications are being forwarded in great numbers daily, and all those who desire to subscribe should send at once for Prospectuses and full information to the United States Land and Investment Company, 145 Broadway, New York.—*The N. Y. Financier.*

FOR THE BLOOD
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Combining IRON with PURE VEGETABLE TONICS, quickly and completely CLEANSES and ENRICHES THE BLOOD. Quickens the action of the Liver and Kidneys. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO. Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it.

DR. N. S. RUGGLES, of Marion, Mass., says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic for enriching the blood, and removing all dyspeptic symptoms. It does not hurt the teeth."

DR. R. M. DELZELL, Reynolds, Ind., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anaemia and blood diseases, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved thoroughly satisfactory."

MR. WM. BYRNS, 26 St. Mary St., New Orleans, La., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me in a case of blood poisoning, and I heartily commend it to those needing a purifier."

The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

LADIES' HAND BOOK—useful and attractive, containing list of prizes for recipes, information about coins, etc., given away by all dealers in medicine, or mailed to any address on receipt of 2c. stamp.

TUTT'S PILLS
25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A
TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

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Renovates the body, makes healthy flesh, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and hard muscle; tones the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. $1. Sold by druggists.
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WHEELER & STEVENS, AGENTS.

This lively firm has for sale the Joseph Spaulding farm of 407 acres on Milton Avenue.
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Ansel Dickinson farm of 75 acres, town of Harmony.
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We Do More Business

Than any other firm in Southern Wisconsin. We buy well and sell well, and in this way please everybody.

GOOD CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE on easy terms. Whether you want to buy or sell apply to

WHEELER & STEVENS.
Office, Phoebus Block, Janesville, Wis.
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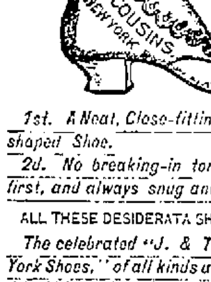

1st. A Neat, Close-fitting and Graceful-shaped Shoe.

2d. No breaking-in torture. Easy at first, and always snug and handsome.

ALL THESE DESIDERATA SHE CAN FIND IN

The celebrated "J. & T. Cousins' New York Shoes," of all kinds and materials, in 14 widths and 10 shapes of toes and heels. They will not rip; will not slip at the heel; will not wrinkle, and are the perfection of achievement in the shoemaker's art.

Look for Soles for Name and Address of

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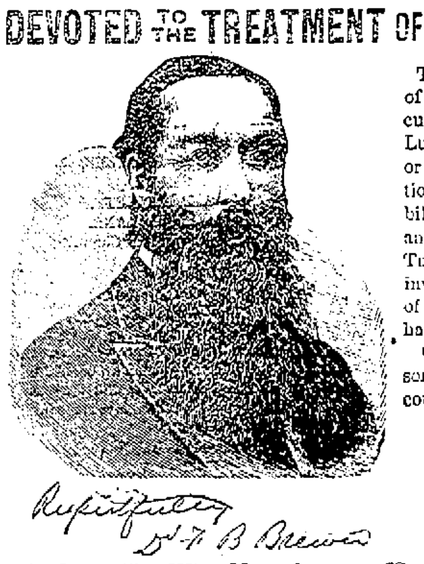
MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

20 YEARS'
DEVOTED TO THE TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES.



This long experience with thousands of patients enables me to cure every curable case. Those afflicted with Lung or Throat Disease, Heart, Liver or Kidney Disease, Nervous Prostration, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Youthful Indiscretions, male and female, Cancers, Old Sores, Tumors, or any Chronic Ailment, are invited to call and examine my record of cases cured when hope of a cure had been ABANDONED.

Candid in my examinations, reasonable in my charges, and never encourage without a surety of success.

DR. F. B. BREWER.

Residence:
Laboratory, EVANSTON, ILL.

Respectfully
D. F. B. Brewer

At Janesville, Wis., Myers house, on Saturday, the 8th of May. Address all letters to Dr. F. B. Brewer.

THE
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL
RAILWAY COMPANY.

Owns and operates nearly 5,000 miles of thoroughly equipped road in Illinois, Wisconsin Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota.

It is the Short Line and Best Route between all principal points in the Northwest and Far West.

For maps, time tables, rates of passage and freight, etc., apply to the nearest station agent of the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, or to any railroad agent anywhere in the United States or Canada.

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For notices in reference to Special Excursions, changes of time, and other items of interest in connection with the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, please refer to the local columns of this paper.

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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
30 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, &c., Bought and Sold for Cash Or on Margin
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WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

75,000 MEN, who use cross-cut saws, to send to us for free descriptive circular of our New Combined Saw-Set and Saw Jointer, the most useful, perfect and accurate tool ever invented for the purpose with highest testimonials. Its Jointing Feature Alone is worth more than the price of the entire tool. Price of tool post-paid, with full printed instructions for Jointing, Setting, Filing and Straightening Saws, only $1.00. Address CHALLENGE SAW-SET CO., Meadville, Pa.

A Big Offer To introduce them we will Give Away 1,000 Self-Operating Washing Machines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. THE NATIONAL CO., 21 Dey St. N. Y.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you.
Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

FIVE THOUSAND LADIES Wanted at once to do our Fancy Work. No Canvassing. No Humbug. Easily learned and neat. Five to Ten Dollars per week at this season. Steady employment the year round. Apply at once to for particulars to KENSINGTON PLAQUE AND PANEL ART CO. (Knickerbocker Building), 157 Tremont St., Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 5,208.

LADIES WANTED—To work for us at their own homes. $7 to $10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fascinating and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address HOME M'F'G CO. P. O. Box 1916, Boston, Mass.

WE want SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once, and state salary wanted. STANDARD SILVER WARE COMP'Y, Boston, Mass.

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I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY.—In the matter of the estate of Mary Cutts, deceased.

Letters testamentary having been issued this day to Alonzo K. Cutts, and the time for creditors to present their claims for allowance having been limited to the 5th day of October next, inclusive, notice is hereby given that this court, at the office of the judge thereof in the city of Janesville, in this county, at the next October term, to be held on the 5th day of October next, from 1:30 o'clock p. m. to 3 o'clock p. m., will receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased.—Dated March 16, 1886.

By the Court,
AMOS P. PRICHARD,
County Judge.
mar30doew1w

NOTICE OF SALE—IN CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY—Oliver C. Ford, Mary N. Crossett and Marietta F. Ford, against J. Maurice Smith, Mary M. Smith, his wife; Mary C. Smith, Benjamin F. Crossett, Franklin Whittaker, Recorder Printing Company, Garrett Veeder, W. H. Leonard.

Notice is hereby given that under and in pursuance of a judgment and decree of the circuit court for Rock county, made in the above entitled action on the 27th day of December, 1881, I shall offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county of Rock, on the 3d day of April, 1886, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described lands, real estate and property situate in the city of Janesville in the county of Rock, and state of Wisconsin, known and described as follows: The undivided one-half of that part of lots one (1), two (2), and three (3) of the Janesville water power lots in the city of Janesville, in said county, described as follows: Commencing at a point in the east line of land owned by Britton & Kimball, being the west line of the alley on said lots, sixty-nine and one-half (69½) feet northerly from the northerly line of West Milwaukee street, running thence northerly on the east line of lands of Britton & Kimball, and the west line of said alley eighty and one-half (80½) feet; thence easterly and parallel with the north line of West Milwaukee street, ninety-one and one-half (91½) feet, thence southerly and parallel with the first described line eighty and one-half (80½) feet, thence westerly along the northerly line of land occupied by the post-office building, ninety-one and one-half (91½) feet to the place of beginning.

Dated February 8th, 1886.
GEORGE RANTHORN,
Sheriff of Rock County, Wis.
A. A. JACKSON, Attorney for Plaintiffs.
feb16ew7w

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT ROCK COUNTY.—Mary Wagner, plaintiff, vs. Charles Wagner, defendant.

The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which was filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, on the 8th day of February, A. D., 1886.

Dated February 8th, 1886.
H. A. PATTERSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney
P. O. Address, Janesville, Rock County, Wis

TO ADVERTISE and meet with success requires a knowledge of the value of newspapers, and a correctly displayed advt. To secure such information JUDICIOUSLY as will enable you to advertise CONSULT LORD AND THOMAS NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

The Gazette may be found on file at the office of Lord & Thomas, McCormick block, for such of our citizens who desire to see the paper when in Chicago.

BIG G
Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.
M'f'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.
has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction.
MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex.
G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oildom.
A. L. SMITH, Bradford, Pa.
Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

For Sale only by I FRANK SHERER & CO.
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GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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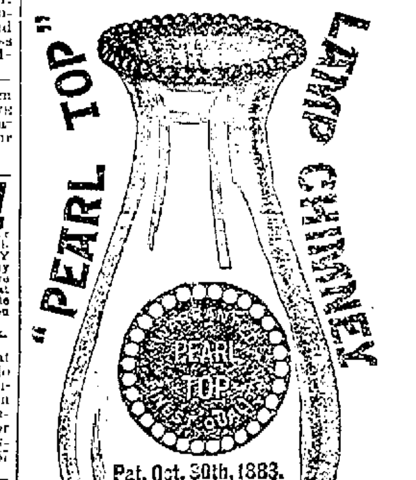

Made only of the finest and best quality of Glass for withstanding heat.

Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.

Manufactured ONLY by
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.
Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works,
FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

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C. B. & Q. R. R.

The Only Through Line, with its own track, between Chicago, Peoria or St. Louis and **DENVER**

Either by way of Omaha, Pacific Junc., Atchison or Kansas City. It traverses all of the six Great States of ILLINOIS, IOWA, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA, KANSAS, COLORADO

With branch lines to their important cities and towns. It runs every day in the year from one to three elegantly equipped through trains over its own tracks between

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Chicago and Omaha,
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Direct Connection made at each of its Junction points with Through Trains to and from points located on its branches.

At each of its several Eastern and Western termini it connects in Grand Union Depots with Through Trains to and from all points in the United States and Canada. It is the Principal Line to

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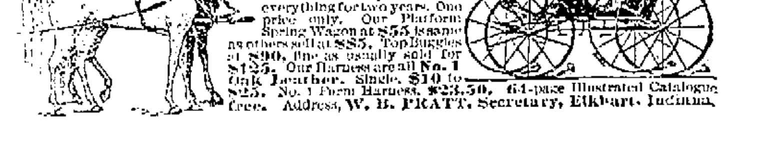

Every Buggy sold by the middleman has several dollars added to the first price. We have no agents, but for twelve years have dealt with the consumer. We ship anywhere with privilege of examining before buying. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant everything for two years. One price only. Our Platform Spring Wagon at $55 is same as others sell at $85. Top Buggies at $90, fine as usually sold for $125. Our Harness are all No. 1 Oak Leather. Single, $10 to $25. No. 1 Farm Harness, $23.50. 64-page Illustrated Catalogue free. Address, W. B. PRATT, Secretary, Elkhart, Indiana.

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY MARCH 29

LOCAL MATTERS.

Notice to Subscribers.

SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY GAZETTE WHO DO NOT RECEIVE THEIR PAPER REGULARLY, WILL CONFER A FAVOR BY REPORTING OMISSIONS PROMPTLY AT THE GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM.

If you only want a paper of pins, you can save 50 per cent. at McKey's closing sale.

Clam! Clam!! Clam!!!

If you want dress goods, go to the closing sale at McKey's.

Bitter orange marmalade for an appetizer at Dennistons.

The electric rubber circular for ladies, only $1 at the closing sale at McKey's.

[C. O. D.

New list and still at the front:

15½ lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00
16 lbs. A Sugar	1.00
17 lbs. extra C Sugar	1.00
18 lbs. yellow	1.00
4 lbs. Frosted Creams	.25
4 lbs. Ginger snaps	.25
4 lbs. S. Cracker	.25
5 lbs. XXX Butter Crackers	.25
Armour's Best Hams per lb	.10
Best Table Syrup per gal	.40
Choice N. O. Molasses per gal	.40

We keep the famous Curtice Bro's Jams.

1 lb can	.10
2 lb can	.15

F. W. CHRISTMAN.

FOUND—A gold pin, the owner can have same by calling on L. B. Cutting, near 4th ward park.

Read Bort, Bailey & Co's ad in this issue.

Full line of shawls to select from at the closing sale at McKey's.

GIRL WANTED—for general housework. MRS. J. C. ECHLIN, Mineral Point Avenue.

New laces at the closing sale at McKey's.

All kinds of harness, blankets and lap robes, at James A. Fathers'.

WANTED—A good German girl to do housework, Inquire of C. F. Glass, photographer, North Main street.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to work for us at their own houses; no canvassing; $7 to $15 weekly; work sent by mail any distance; we have good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Address at once. Reliable Manufacturing Company, Philadelphia, Box 1303. mch24dawlm

All kinds of carpets the cheapest at Bostwick's, and don't you forget it.

Jas. W. Brown keeps the best cigars in the city. Give him a call and be convinced.

All kinds of dry goods on the same footing at BOSTWICK & SONS'.

A light colored bedroom suit, of eight pieces at a bargain at the old reliable second hand store of S. F. Sanborn, near Gazette office.

Our stock of dry goods immense, and all at rock bottom prices.

BOSTWICK & SON'S.

Sliced ham and fresh eggs at East End grocery. BRACE & BROWN.

FOR SALE—A nice little business in this city. Inquire of Wheeler & Steven's.

All best crackers 5 cents per lb. East End grocery. BRACE & BROWN.

Double width Scotch suiting at 20c a yard at Archie Reid's. The best bargain ever offered in dress goods.

The best quality all wool, extra super Ingrain carpets at 65 cts per yard at Bort, Bailey & Co.'s.

The celebrated LL sheetings, the little ones are blowing about, at 4½ cents, we have been selling for more than two months for 4½ cents. Shoo, fly. It is a daisy, for the money, and no mistake.

BOSTWICK & SONS'.

Sea Side, brocle, canvas and serge wool suitings, in cream and white, at Bort, Bailey & Co.'s.

Another invoice of those extra quality four button kid gloves in new spring shades at 69c at Archie Reid's.

It's too bad to sell a Minton 124 piece dinner set for $13.50 but we need the room at WHEELOCK'S.

Cream Peerless wool suitings, something new, at Bort, Bailey & Co's.

Just received at Archie Reids a full line of colored silks in all the new shades for spring wear.

The ladies all say that Bort, Bailey & Co. take the lead in fine dress goods.

Best quality of shirting prints in remnants of from 3 to 10 yards only 4c a yard at Archie Reid's.

Old fashioned fresh buckwheat flour, just received at East End grocery,

BRACE & BROWN.

A house now renting for $8 a month with two good lots, in second ward, for sale for $1,000. C. E. BOWLES.

FOR SALE—On easy terms, the best 217 acre openings farm in Rock county.

H. H. BLANCHARD.

All wool homespuns that all others sell at 30c, only 20c yard at Archie Reid's.

Egg glasses; horseradish and mustard dishes cheap at Wheelock's.

The great sale of corsets at Archie Reid's has proved a success, which shows that ladies appreciate bargains such as this sale affords. Call before the sizes are broken.

Truffled sardines, Brie cheese and anything in the fancy grocery line at Dennistons.

$150 buys a good lot of C. E. Bowles.

Smoke the Clam, the best 5 cent cigar in American, warranted pure Havana, long filler. JAS. W. BROWN.

Just received 3,000 Clams at Jas. W. Brown's, Lappin's block.

The best assorted stock of white goods and embroideries in the city can be found at Archie Reid's and at prices that none can match.

Home packed salt pork warranted, 8 cents per lb. East End Grocery,

BRACE & BROWN.

FOR SALE—On easy terms 140 acre farm at a great sacrifice. This is the best bargain in Rock county.

H. H. BLANCHARD.

CITY CONVENTION.

The republican convention for the nomination of candidates for city officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the common council room in said city, on Saturday, the 3d day of April, 1886, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Each ward will be entitled to delegates as follows: First ward, seven; second ward, five; third ward, four; fourth ward, six; fifth ward two.

By order of city committee.

H. F. BLISS,
E. W. VANDERLYN,
O. H. FETHERS,
N. SMITH,
A. P. BENNETT,
WILSON LANE,
Republican City Committee.

Dated March 24th, 1886.

WARD CAUCUSES.

FIRST WARD.

The republicans of the first ward will meet in caucus at the west side engine house, on Thursday evening, April 1, 1886, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. to elect seven delegates to the city convention, and to nominate ward officers.

By order of the ward committee.

SECOND WARD.

The republicans of the second ward will meet in caucus at the engine house, on Thursday evening, April 1, 1886, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., to elect five delegates to the city convention, and to nominate ward officers.

By order of the ward committee.

THIRD WARD.

The republicans of the third ward will meet in caucus at the court house, on Thursday evening, April 1, 1886, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., to elect four delegates to the city convention, and to nominate ward officers.

By order of the ward committee.

FOURTH WARD.

The republicans of the fourth ward will meet in caucus at the common council room, on Thursday, April 1, 1886, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., to elect six delegates to the city convention, and to nominate ward officers.

By order of the ward committee.

FIFTH WARD.

The republicans of the fifth ward will meet in caucus at the office of Dr. Q. O. Sutherland, on Thursday, April 1, 1886, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., to elect two delegates to the city convention, and to nominate ward officers.

By order of ward committee.

Dated Janesville, March 26th, 1886.

CHANGE OF DATE.

The republican ward caucuses will be held Thursday evening, April 1st, instead of Friday evening April 2nd, as previously announced.

ORDER CITY COMMITTEE.

Briefiets.

—Polo Tuesday, Milwaukees vs. Janesvilles.

—About two inches of heavy snow fell in this locality last night.

—C. B. Inman, of the town of Rock, is confined to his bed by sickness.

—The river is still on the "boom." Look out for another foot of water.

—"Spot Cash," or "Sam'l of Posen," next at the opera house—Saturday, of this week.

—N. P. Robinson, who has been confined to the house by rheumatism for nearly two weeks, is able now to be out.

—Mr. C. E. Moseley is steadily growing stronger and although he is not out of danger by any means, his condition is quite favorable.

—John Madden, son of Thomas Madden, of Fulton, is now recovering from an attack of pneumonia that threatened to cause his death.

—Crystal Temple of Honor No. 32 assemble in regular weekly session this evening—lodge room in the Judd block, North Main street.

—The ladies of the People's Lodge Independent Order of Good Templars, will meet at the home of Miss Emma Horn, on Wednesday evening.

—The Rockford Gazette, of Saturday: "The water in the river is reported as falling. Obstruction to travel at Roscoe and other places north will soon be removed.

—Do not forget to see the great polo game to-morrow night, and as there will be a full house, it will be well to secure a reserved seat in the morning. The game will surely be an exciting one.

—The report that Mr. R. M. Reed had sold his house in the first ward to Mr. Amos Crall, of the town of Center, is incorrect. Mr. Reed has not sold his house, although he is looking for a buyer.

—Work was not commenced in either of the cotton factories to day on account of high water. It is expected that the Monterey mills will start to-morrow but at the upper mill no work can be done until the river subsides.

—At one o'clock this afternoon the water in Rock river at this point was one and seven eighths inches higher than at one o'clock on Saturday, it now being two feet one and one eighth inches below the high water mark of April, 1881.

—There was a regular jam at the opera house on Saturday evening to witness the the play of "Uncle Tom's Cabin", by the Mason & Morgan combination. The presentation of this old favorite was well received, and our people are satisfied. The company is a good one, and are deserving of the good name which preceeds them.

—Beloit Free Press: The river continues to rise, and taking the Free Press office floor as a good marking place, is one and a half inches higher than it was yesterday. It is claimed that no such high stage has ever been known above the dam as prevails to-day. The dam is considered perfectly safe and no uneasiness need be felt from that source.

—Yesterday morning at five o'clock, Mrs. G. W. Foon, living in the town of Center, about three miles west of this city, closed her eyes in the last sleep after an illness of some length. The disease that resulted in her death was pneumonia, and to-day her husband is lying sick, and threatened with death from the same deadly malady.

—Those interested in house decorations, and what house occupant is not at this season, will take interest in reading the new advertisement of James Sutherland & Sons, in this evening's Gazette. This firm carries the largest stock of this class of goods to be found in Southern Wisconsin. They keep an assortment to suit the public, and sell at the very lowest prices.

—To-morrow night we shall have a league game of polo here between the Milwaukees and Janesvilles. Both teams will play their best men and as the state championship medals are at stake both will strive hard to win. The Janesville team will consist of Sperry, Beeson, Ehlert, Smith, Ridgely and Brown. The Milwaukees will play Fahnestock and Williams, late of the Galesburgs, and probably the Robinson Brothers, of the West Ends and McGaw, of the Bay Views.

—Remember the republican ward caucuses to be held in the several wards on Thursday evening of this week. Every republican should attend these primary meetings, and lend his aid and vote in selecting candidates for the various offices; by so doing, no combination or rings can be fostered upon the people and the result reached, meeting the approval of the majority, will be acquiesced in by all, which will lead to certain victory at the polls.

—As the car reached Oshkosh an old man with long, white beard rose feebly and slowly from his seat went toward the door. But he was stopped by Conductor Stickney or Raymond, we have not been informed which, who said: "Your fare please." "I paid my fare." "When? I don't remember it." "Why, I paid you when I got on the car." "Where did you get on?" "At Janesville." "That won't do," said the conductor, "When I left Janesville there was only a little boy on the car." "Yes", answered the old man, "I know it. I was that little boy."

—Fire broke out in the engine room of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company's elevator at Beloit, at nine o'clock on Saturday morning. The Free Press says the fire department was called out and everything worked to perfection, the firemen getting a stream of water on the fire from a hydrant in professional time. The fire originated in a cupboard used as a wardrobe by the engineer, Charles Hart, who suffers the loss of a good suit of clothes and an overcoat, and was confined to the interior and roof of the engine room, the elevator escaping any damage. The splendid operation of the water works and firemen delighted everybody, as it shows what it is possible to do. The cause of the fire cannot be ascertained unless it was spontaneous combustion.

—There will undoubtedly be five new members returned to the board of aldermen this spring, as we understand that Ald. James Shearer, of the first ward, and Ald. S. C. Burnham, of the second ward, republicans, who have faithfully served their constituents in the council, the former two, and the latter one term positively decline to again be candidates. It is also said that Ald. R. J. Kooney, of the third ward; P. J. Lennartz of the fourth, and B. J. Daly, of the fifth are tired of serving the democracy in the council, and will not again be candidates, and will give way to new men. Candidates are being talked of on both sides in all of these wards, but as yet public opinion has not, with one or two exceptions, concentrated upon any particular persons. Keep the fires burning until the evening of the caucus, and select the strongest and best men.

Man wird aus Arzneien welche in dieser Zeitung angezeigt sind, bei Prentice & Evenson, gegenüber der Post-Office, Janesville, finden. Arzneien, die nicht flüssig sind, werden durch die Post versandt. Receipte und Verordnungen werden den reinen, frischen Medicamenten zubereitet und billiger als in irgend einer anderen verkäuflichen Apotheke im County.

Personal.

—Misses Bertha Jackson and Stella Palmer are enjoying a two weeks respite from their studies at the Rockford seminary.

—The Rev. W. A. Evans, of Court Street M. E. church, started this morning for Plainville, where he will officiate at the marriage of his sister.

"I have used your Athlophoros for rheumatism with success, and would recommend it to all afflicted with that disease", is the testimony of Oscar Allen, Des Moines, Iowa, traveling agent for Warder, Bushnell & Glessner, of Chicago.

Mr. Wanamaker's Plan.

The greatest merchant in Philadelphia is Mr. Wanamaker. This is the theory upon which he places his advertising business: "There is always some trading doing, even in the dullest season, and we strive to divert the floating or transient trade to our place. Again, when business ordinarily is dull, people who see our invitations in the newspapers are more apt to read them for the reason that they have more time to read, and there are fewer advertisements then.

"Many merchants who have been in business for a certain number of years will say; "Oh, we are so well known it is no use for us to advertise.' There never was a greater mistake. We would as soon think of cancelling our insurance policies as our advertising contracts. We spend more money with newspapers each year that goes by; there are more people who want goods, and new trade is always coming to the surface.

"Advertising that is well done is cumulative in its character. It is like the compounding of interest. An advertisement in a daily paper one day will, in all probability, make a good return to the merchant who has the goods the people want at the right prices; each successive advertisement that he puts in gains an impetus and influence from the original one, and so it counts up until the name of the firm gets what is equivalent to the 'good will' of a successful business, besides deriving the direct profit from immediate sales caused by the advertising.

To advertise well, a merchant should give as much care to his newspaper space as he does to any other department of his business. As a general thing a merchant can well afford to spend in newspaper advertising from one third to one-fifth the amount of all his other total expenses. If a man in business talks as earnestly through the newspapers when he is addressing one or two hundred thousand people, simultaneously, as when he is talking to one customer, he cannot fail to make a success of newspaper advertising."—*Philadelphia News.*

Scott's Emulsion of Pure

COD LIVER OIL, WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES IN PULMONARY AFFECTIONS AND SCROFULOUS DISEASES.

Dr. Ira M. Lang, New York, says: "I have prescribed Scott's Emulsion and used it in my family and am greatly pleased with it. Have found it very serviceable in Scrofulous diseases and Pulmonary affections."

Use the J. J. B. malt yeast.

$4,000 to loan, by C. E. Bowles.

Try Elecampane Cough Syrup Eldredge keeps it.

THE BAY VIEW BOYS.

Are Defeated by the Riversides. Score 3 to 6.

A Game that Excited Little Enthusiasm.

The Bay View boys were playing against certain defeat from the first blast of the referees' whistle and they evidently appreciated the fact. McGaw did most of the work for them, but he, although a very fine player, couldn't keep the team from defeat and in a little over twenty seven minutes the Janesvilles had won three straight goals. The first was by Sperry, in 6:34; the second by Beeson in 3:27; and the third by Sperry in 16:35.

After the regular game an exhibition game was played with five men apiece, Brown and Keyes being withdrawn, Beeson took Brown's place and filled it well. The Janesvilles won this game also, Sperry making the only goal. The positions were as follows:

JANESVILLES.		BAY VIEWS.
Sperry	Rushers	McGaw
Beeson		Harrison
Hanson	Point	Durkin
Smith	Half Back	Keyes
Ridgley	Cover	French
Brown	Goal	Prior

Referee—Al. Scandler.

MILWAUKEES—MASCOTTS.

The game between the Mascotts and the Milwaukees at the rink of the latter club Saturday night was a fine exhibition of scientific polo. Both clubs played clean, passing, games that were heartily applauded. As the Sentinel very truly says a prettier game was never seen in Milwaukee.

The first goal was hotly contested for five minutes, when time was called, and upon starting the game again Owen pulled the ball between his feet to Williams, who carried it past rushers and half-back and caged it in 10 seconds making 5 minutes and 10 seconds for the first goal. The second goal was made in 7 minutes and 20 seconds. After a number of pretty plays, Kendall took the ball to the Milwaukee's cage, where it was stopped by Robinson, but by a brilliant stroke Spain caged it. The third goal was made by Fahnestock on a skillful pass from Williams in 5 minutes and 55 seconds. The last goal was made by Williams, who caged it after 6 minutes and 12 seconds of brilliant play.

"Whom the gods love die young," says Byron; but why die when you can cure the cold or cough, which neglected means death, with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the old reliable!

A sensible woman will not fail to keep a bottle of Salvation Oil on hand for men's cuts or bruises.

Ingenious, If True.

The telegram which announced the murder of General Superintendent Kerrigan, of the Missouri Pacific, was published all through the west, and created much excitement. Who the author really was, has not been found out, there being several stories in circulation. A gentleman well known in Omaha railroad circles says that it was sent out by the switch men at Kansas City, as an announcement of the success of their strike. To a reporter he said: "This is not so very absurd, when you come to think it over a little. Do you remember when the great telegraphers' strike was inaugurated in 1883, that the signal for the men to leave their keys and walk out of the office was the report flashed over the wires from the east that General Grant was dead? That canard was very soon exploded, but its origin was plainly to be seen when the telegraphers belonging to the union, one and all left their keys. Now, I believe that the switchmen in Kansas City sent out this story about the killing of Hoxie and Kerrigan, simply to notify their brethren on the western systems, by a preconcerted plan, that they had gained a victory and secured the concessions for which they struck."

The disagreeable operation of forcing liquids into the head, and the use of exciting snuffs, are being superceded by Ely's Cream Balm, a cure for Catarrh, Colds in the Head and Hay Fever. It is a safe and pleasant remedy being easily applied with the finger. It is curing cases which have defied the doctors. Price 50c.

I have myself used Ely's Cream Balm (being afflicted with catarrh) with satisfactory results, and recommend it to all suffering with this terrible disease. It is giving my trade universal satisfaction.—L. F. Gackenheimer, Druggist, Van Wert, O.

The Weather.

At seven o'clock yesterday morning the thermometer indicated 30 degrees above zero. Cloudy with northeast wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 30 degrees above zero. Cloudy with northeast wind. For the corresponding hours last year the register was 28 and 48 degrees above zero. At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 35 degrees above zero. Cloudy with northeast wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 47 degrees above zero. Cloudy, with west wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 22 and 43 degrees above zero.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by F. Sherer & Co's

Town of La Prairie.

A union caucus will be held at the town hall, on Saturday, April 3d, at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating town officers.

BY ORDER MANY VOTERS.

Tobacco Sales.

Sales of seed leaf tobacco reported by J. S. Gans' Son & Co., tobacco brokers, No. 131 Water street, New York, for the week ending March 29th, 1886:

300 cases, crop of 1881, Pennsylvania, at 9½ to 11 cents.

100 cases, crop of 1883, Pennsylvania, at 9 to 11 cents.

100 cases, crop of 1884, State Havana, at 9 to 11 cents.

100 cases, crop of 1884, New England Havana, at 16 to 30 cents.

150 cases Sundries, at 5 to 30 cents.

Total cases, 750.

In the pursuit of the good things of this world we anticipate too much; we eat out the heart and sweetness of worldly pleasures by delightful forethought of them. The results obtained from the use of Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic far exceed all claims. It cures dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bladder troubles. It is a perfect tonic, appetizer, blood purifier, a sure cure for ague and malarial diseases. Price 50 cents, of druggists.

THE CHURCHES.

The Rev. A. J. Van Wagner Touches on Various Social Evils

Christ's Teaching on Faith Spoken of by the Rev. Dr. Hodge.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Last night the Rev. A. J. Van Wagner preached the third sermon of his series "Janesville by Gaslight." He said that he had supposed until recently that the gambling was all done by the men. Now, however, he knew that there were ladies right here in the city who play cards for money and who do it night after night. He spoke of the parties here where wine was served to the guests and said that it was done time and again. Besides the parties there are New Years' receptions where young men are tempted into the downward path by the sparkling wine cup. One of the worst evils that church people have to contend with is progressive euchre, for with all of its popularity it is an unmistakable form of gambling. Its tendencies are of the most demoralizing nature and the game should not be countenanced by the earnest christian. The polo rink is also a scene of gambling and many have been led to sin there. The steps are very easy between betting a bright ribbon and wagers things of value on a game, and few realize what a wrong they are doing in this way. In speaking of the saloons, Mr. Van Wagner said that although we complain of hard times, still we find money enough to support sixty saloons, the average income of each one being $4,000. The sermon was an excellent one, and was listened to by a very fair sized audience.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Last evening the Rev. M. G. Hodge, D. D., preached on Christ's teachings in regard to faith, the sermon being one of a series that is attracting so much attention. It was mainly an expository on the passages of scripture that relate to that subject. The theme proved to be one of great interest and was handled most ably. At the close of the sermon the ordinance of baptism was administered to two young men.

Funeral of L. L. Robinson.

This afternoon at half past three the relatives and intimate friends of the late Lauren L. Robinson sat with heads bowed in grief and listened to the Rev Dr. Hodge as he spoke of the life and character of the deceased. Mr. Robinson was a man of actions rather than of words, and in his quiet way he did much good among the suffering ones with whom he came in contact. He was a faithful christian, one of the pillars in the Baptist church, and one upon whom reliance could be placed at all times. He has passed to his reward but time cannot efface the memory of his kindly deeds, and to such as him the approach of death brings little pain. At his late home on Jackson street, where the funeral services were held, were gathered many of those who had been acquainted with him in daily life, while the darkened room was filled with the odor from beautiful floral tributes sent in by friends of the family. Appropriate music was rendered by the Baptist choir and at the close of the services the remains were taken to the vault at Oak Hill cemetery where they will lie until to-morrow. Then they will be taken to Belvidere, Ill., to be buried in the family lot. The pall bearers were A. F. Hall, R. Wiggin, Washington Kelly, H. S. Woodruff, A. P. Lovejoy and James Harris.

The Beginning of Sickness.

Never trifle with what are called small ailments. A disorder easy of control at first, if neglected for a few weeks may become a mortal disease. Be especially careful not to let debility gain upon you, for it is the door through which all maladies enter the system. If you feel languid, inert, and to use a common expression, "as if there were no life left in you," resort at once to Hostetter's stomach Bitters. The vegetable tonic supplies the vitality you so urgently need. It is nerve food. By its tonic action the stomach is so invigorated that digestion becomes regular, easy, perfect; while its mild, cathartic properties relieve the bowels from obstructions, and its alterative operation beneficially affects all the secretive organs. For the miseries of dyspepsia, and they include almost every unpleasant feeling that belongs to the physical disease and mental wretchedness, this potent tonic is a certain and speedy balm.

Johnstown

The farmers have been waiting for the roads to improve so that they could haul their tobacco to market. But the cold freezing weather and snow storms don't let them improve very fast and the farmers have concluded to wait still longer rather than injure their horses just as the busy season opens.

—The spring lingers in the lap of winter and old probabilities, notwithstanding that the summer birds have come, is mistaken about the early opening of spring.

—Several of the tobacco men have their shops full of girls and boys assorting their tobacco.

—Wm. Zeill, our chairman supervisor met with a severe accident last week which came very near being fatal. He went on to the windmill to oil it. His father, who is nearly blind, came out and put the mill in gear when the wind was high, not knowing that his son was on top and it came very near knocking him off, but he could only catch on to the cylinder rod and that drew his wrist into a very narrow place and held him, mangling the wrist very badly. His brother in the house hearing him scream came out and ran up the ladder and released him and held him on the platform until he recovered from the shock and his faintness.

—Edward Henwood, of Calumet, Michigan, was visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. J. C. Light, last week.

—Mrs. Julia Carter, the widow of Daniel T. Carter, who left this town by overland in 1852, enroute to California, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Morgan and a grand daughter, six years old, are visiting their relatives in this county and their old home in Johnstown, and it is the first time Mrs. Morgan has ever seen any relatives of her father. They thought they would take the benefit of a cheap passage, coming through for eighteen dollars.

—Mrs. Perkins and son, of Sioux City, Iowa, are visiting cousins at Mr. John Haight's. Mrs. Perkins is en route for Germany, where she has daughters.

—Thomas H. Carter, of Beardstown, Illinois, an attorney-at-law, and a brother of Mr. A. B. Carter, of this town, died at Peoria, where he was receiving medical attendance, on the 20th of March.

—Mr. Coggswell, who carries the mail from this place to Janesville, run his stage coach on Saturday last for the first time in ten days. He may have to resort to his light wagon again.

Family scales at Metcalf & Gowdey's.

QUEER ADVICE.

An Old Physician Says Drink Your Whiskey Straight.

TO THE EDITOR. In several of your recent issues, I have observed the articles of a whiskey concern in Baltimore, Md., which, while written from an interested motive, contain some very sensible statements, especially their remarks about so-called bitters, cough syrups, cod liver oil, etc. Now, while I do not agree with them in some of their claims, still, as to the three mixtures above mentioned, no truer words could have been spoken. Every day in my practice I come across people whose maladies are traceable direct to these noxious compounds. Take, for instance, the widely advertised "bitters" of to-day. In nine cases out of ten, they consist of 20 per cent. (the amount the government allows) of what is called "commercial alcohol," that is, an alcohol of the vilest and most poisonous grade. The remaining ingredients consist of various foreign substances as flavoring extracts. These concoctions are consumed principally by the consumptive, the debilitated, the convalescent and others of weak stomachs. Now, while alcohol, especially in the form of whiskey, is the best known stimulant, and is prescribed daily by the profession everywhere, and while whiskey and glycerine is the best thing for coughs, I can't conceive why people will insist upon taking this alcohol in the form of a decoction or a nostrum. It would be far better if they would take it "straight," as in that form, as the articles state, it passes into the blood vessels direct, without digestive effort on the part of the stomach, and affords more nutriment than any other known substance. If the concern in Baltimore has discovered a means of distilling an article of the kind they claim, that is, whiskey, absolutely pure and free from fusel oil (which I very much doubt), they have solved one of the greatest scientific problems of the 19th century, something that has been the source of more investigation among scientists and chemists during the last half century than any other one article known to the pharmacopia, and the fortunate discoverers will have in it a greater monopoly than the large quinine operators had a few years ago, which latter monopoly is now gradually falling through the great inroads whiskey is making on it in the cure of malarial troubles. OLD PRACTITIONER.

(Regarding the doubt expressed by the eminent doctor as to whether Duffy's pure malt whiskey is absolutely free from fusel oil, as claimed by the proprietors, we would say to our readers that the company submits their article to analysis by any intelligent chemist or physician. And it has already been analyzed by the most eminent chemists in the country, such as Mott, Mayo, Arendt, etc.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The reason why Acker's Blood Elixir is warranted, is because it is the best Blood Preparation known. It will positively cure all Blood Diseases, purifies the whole system, and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Remember, we guarantee it. Prentice & Evenson, druggists, O. P. O

For Sale.

Nine fine lots in the first ward. Cheapest in the city. Get my prices before buying. D. CONGER.

To Rent.

Tobacco warehouse at Oregon and one at Mount Horeb and flour and feed mill at Janesville.

LOVEJOY & CO.

Elecampane Cough Syrup is a purely herbal remedy, Eldredge keeps it.

2,800 standard dollars will buy a residence property, on east side, worth $3,500 in gold. C. E. BOWLES.

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranted preparation, if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts. Prentice & Evenson, druggists, O. P. O.

You can buy outlying property in this city now at your own price. With street cars running past it a few months hence its price and value will be increased fifty per cent. Propositions are now in order. C. E. BOWLES.

Wolf, buffalo and goat robes, at James A. Fathers', corner Court and Main streets.

A 180 acre farm to exchange for city property. C. E. BOWLES.

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25c. a bottle.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN Station D, New York.

FREE TRIAL.

Thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, mental and physical weakness, lost manhood, nervous prostration, results of indiscretion, excesses or any cause, cured by NERVITA. Strong faith that it will cure every case prompts us to send a trial package on receipt of 10 cents for postage, etc. DR. A. G. OLIN CO., 120 E. Washington St., Box 292, Chicago, Illinois. aprdawly.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKETS.

Reported for the Gazette by Bamp & Gray Grain and Produce Dealers.

JANESVILLE, March 24, 1886

FLOUR—Patent $4.15 per sack; Vienna $4.35 Daisy, $4.35; Dandy, $4.30 per sack.

WHEAT—Winter 68@80c; good to best spring 55@75c; common to fair.

RYE—In good request at 70@48c per 56 lbs.

BUCKWHEAT—Dull at 1.00@45c.

BARLEY—Fair to choice samples 40@45c; low grades 33@37½c.

CORN—New Shelled 30@32c; new ear 75 lbs 25@30c.

HAY—Timothy for ton $8 @$12, other kinds 6@$8. Baled hay $11.50 per ton.

GROUND FEED—75c per 100 lbs.

OATS—24@28c; according to quality

MEAL—75c per 100 lbs.

POTATOES—35@45c per bushel.

BUTTER—Good supply, 14@17c.

EGGS—Fresh, 10@11c per dozen

TIMOTHY SEED—$1.50@1.75 per 48 lbs.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 8@9c; chickens 7@8c

CLOVER SEED—$6.25@6.75 per bushel.

HIDES—Green 7c@7½c. Dry 12@15c.

PELTS—Range at 30@75c each.

WOOL—Ranges at 22@27c ½ off for unmerchantable.

LIVE STOCK—Hogs $3.00@3.25, per. 100 lbs Cattle $3.00@4.00.

SPECIAL OFFERING

AT

Bort, Bailey AND Co's

Best all wool Ingrain Carpets	$ 65
Wilton Velvet Carpets	1 25
Body Brussels Carpets	1 00
Cotton Chain Ingrain Carpets	25
Lonsdale, Bleached	6½
Fruit of the Loom, Bleached	6¾
Janesville L L Sheeting	6¾
Nashua R Sheeting	6½
Good Prints	03
Amoskeag A Grain Bags	15

IMMENSE BARGAINS!

In all Departments.

BORT, BAILEY & CO

MERCHANT TAILORING!

The Largest Line of

SPRING SUITINGS, COATINGS, TROUSERINGS!

Ever Shown in this Market and

AT PRICES THAT WILL PLEASE ALL!

And with our present facilities for getting up Garments to Order, we are confident that we can please all of our old, and as many new patrons as give us their orders.

FOOTE & WILCOX.

LOOK. LOOK. LOOK.

—AT—

E. A. BEHAN'S

CLOSING OUT SALE!

OF

GROCERIES!

Commencing

MONDAY, MARCH 15

I will close out my entire stock of groceries FOR CASH, at prices lower than ever offered in Janesville. This is a genuine closing-out sale. The entire stock and fixtures must be sold within 30 days.

Best Granulated sugar 15 lbs. for	$1.00	Magic Yeast	7
Best 50 ct. Japan tea per lb	30	National Yeast	6
20 lbs. English currants for	1.00	Wilson Yeast	5
20 lbs. Prunes for	1.00	10 lbs. roasted Rio Coffee	1.00
1 lb. can Baking Powder	35	Best 25 ct. roasted coffee per lb	20
½ lb. can Baking Powder	18	Best Mocha Coffee per lb	35
25 ct. can Baking Powder	20	Best O. G. Coffee per lb	30
Bulk Baking Powder per lb	15	10 lbs. Best Green Rio Coffee	1.00
23 bars O. C. Soap	1.00	4 lbs. Best O. G. Coffee	1.00
Gloss Starch per lb	5	Best Green Mocha per lb	25
Corn Starch per lb	5	4 lbs. Mince Meat	25
6 lb. box Gloss Starch	33	Best Kerosene Oil per gallon	10
Mixed Bird Seed per lb	6	Best Head Light Oil per gallon	12½

All other goods in proportion. Now is your time to lay in a supply of choice groceries, cheaper than the cheapest. Show cases, coffee mill, fancy cans and sundries to be closed out. E. A. BEHAN,

No. 1 Main St. under M. E. church

This remedy is not a liquid, snuff or powder, contains no injurious drugs and has no offensive odor.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM.

WHEN APPLIED

into the nostrils will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions.

It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the nasal cavity from fresh colds, completely heals the sores and restores the senses of taste, smell and hearing. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications.

It quickly cures cold in the head and catarrhal headache.

A thorough treatment will cure Catarrh. It is agreeable to use.

A particle of the Balm is applied into the nostrils.

Two months treatment in each package.

Sold by every druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS & TESTIMONIALS OF CURES.

50c ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Proprietors, Owego, N. Y. 50c.